
RF Test Report

Report No.: AGC00552200501EE05A

PRODUCT DESIGNATION : Smart Phone
BRAND NAME : HAFURY
MODEL NAME : M20
APPLICANT : Shenzhen Huafurui Technology Co., Ltd.
DATE OF ISSUE : Jul. 22, 2020
STANDARD(S) : ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)
REPORT VERSION : V1.0

Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

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REPORT REVISE RECORD

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Jul. 22, 2020	Valid	Re-certification

Note: The original test report Ref. No.(AGC00552200501EE05) (dated 2020-06-08), was modified on 2020-07-22 to include the following changes for:

- Updated brand name and model name;
- Updated battery brand name and model name;
- Changed software version. (It changes due to the change of the product model, does not affect the test result

For the above described changes, no further testing necessary.



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1. TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant	Shenzhen Huafurui Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Unit 1401 &1402, 14/F, Jin qi zhi gu mansion (No. 4 building of Chong wen Garden), Crossing of the Liu xian street and Tang ling road, Tao yuan street, Nan shan district, Shenzhen,P.R. China
manufacturer	Shenzhen Huafurui Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Unit 1401 &1402, 14/F, Jin qi zhi gu mansion (No. 4 building of Chong wen Garden), Crossing of the Liu xian street and Tang ling road, Tao yuan street, Nan shan district, Shenzhen,P.R. China
Factory	Shenzhen Huafurui Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Unit 1401 &1402, 14/F, Jin qi zhi gu mansion (No. 4 building of Chong wen Garden), Crossing of the Liu xian street and Tang ling road, Tao yuan street, Nan shan district, Shenzhen,P.R. China
Product Designation	Smart Phone
Brand Name	HAFURY
Test Model	M20
Date of test	May 25, 2020~Jun. 08, 2020
Deviation	None
Condition of Test Sample	Normal
Test Result	Pass
Report Template	AGCRT-EC-BGN/RF

We, Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., for compliance with the requirements set forth in the European Standard ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2. The results of test in this report apply to the product /system which was tested only. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

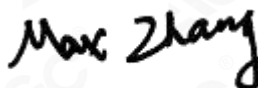
Prepared By



Calvin Liu
(Project Engineer)

Jun. 08, 2020

Reviewed By



Max Zhang
(Reviewer)

Jul. 22, 2020

Approved By



Forrest Lei
Authorized Officer

Jul. 22, 2020



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

Hardware Version	TE647_MAIN_PCN_V1.0	
Software Version	HAFURY_M20_A041CH_V03_20200713	
The type of the equipment	non-FHSS adaptive equipment with only one antenna	
The maximum RF Output Power	17.43dBm	
Nominal Channel Bandwidth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 20MHz <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 40MHz	
Operating Frequency(WIFI)	2412MHz-2472MHz	
Support Channels	13 Channels	
Modulation(WIFI)	IEEE 802.11b mode:DSSS(CCK, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11g mode:OFDM(BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode:OFDM(BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode:OFDM(BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM)	
Antenna designation	PIFA Antenna	
Antenna Gain	0dBi	
Power Supply	DC 3.8V by battery or DC 5V by adapter	
Channels Frequency	01: 2412MHz 02: 2417MHz 03: 2422MHz 04: 2427MHz 05: 2432MHz 06: 2437MHz 07: 2442MHz	08: 2447MHz 09: 2452MHz 10: 2457MHz 11: 2462MHz 12: 2467MHz 13: 2472MHz

Note:

1. For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n 20MHz bandwidth system use Channel 1 to Channel 13.
2. For 802.11n 40MHz bandwidth system use Channel 3 to Channel 11.
3. The above information was declared by the manufacture.
4. The equipment submitted are representative production models.
5. The EUT is a stand-alone and portable equipment according to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2.
6. For more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.



2.2. SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Remark
--	--	--	--	--

2.3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

NO.	TEST MODE DESCRIPTION
1	Low channel TX
2	Middle channel TX
3	High channel TX
4	Low channel (Receiver Mode)
5	Middle channel (Receiver Mode)
6	High channel (Receiver Mode)

Note:

- All modes have been tested and the worst mode test data recording in the test report, if no any other data.

2.4. OBJECTIVE

Perform Radio Spectrum tests for CE Marking according to the provisions of article 3.2 of the Radio Equipment Directive (2014/53/EU) for the WLAN function of the EUT.

2.5. TEST ITEMS AND THE RESULTS

The EUT has been tested according to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2

ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz band; Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum
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Test items and the results are as bellow:

No.	Basic Standard	Test Type	Result
1	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.2	RF Output Power	Pass
2	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.3	Power Spectral Density	Pass
3	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.4	Duty Cycle, Tx-sequence, Tx-gap	N/A
4	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.5	Medium Utilisation(MU) factor	N/A
5	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.6	Adaptivity	Pass
6	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.7	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	Pass
7	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.8	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	Pass
8	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.9	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	Pass
9	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.10	Receiver spurious emissions	Pass
10	ETSI EN 300 328 4.3.2.11	Receiver Blocking	Pass

Note:

1. N/A- Not Applicable.
2. The latest versions of basic standards are applied.

2.6. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- Temperature: 15-35°C
- Humidity: 30-60 %
- Atmospheric pressure: 86-106 kPa



3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty is calculated using the methods suggested in the “Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement” (GUM) published by ISO.

- Uncertainty of Radio Frequency, $U_c = \pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$
- Uncertainty of total RF power, conducted, $U_c = \pm 0.8\text{dB}$
- Uncertainty of RF power density, conducted, $U_c = \pm 2.6\text{dB}$
- Uncertainty of spurious emissions, conducted, $U_c = \pm 2.7\text{dB}$
- Uncertainty of spurious emissions, radiated, $U_c = \pm 5.4\text{dB}$
- Uncertainty of Temperature: $\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$
- Uncertainty of Humidity: $\pm 1\%$
- Uncertainty of DC and low frequency voltages: $\pm 2\%$



4. IDENTIFICATION OF THE RESPONSIBLE TESTING LOCATION

Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS USED

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	S/N	Calibration Due.	Calibration Due.
MXG X-Series Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	MY50140530	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	MY45141029	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
EXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090123	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY44303916	Feb. 26, 2020	Feb. 25, 2021
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54110007	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54110009	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
RF Communication Tester	R&S	CMW270	1201.0002K75-100528-Tu WIRELESSCO NN.TESTER	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
Attenuator	Warriors	W13	11324	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
Power splitter	Mini-Circuits	ZFRSC-183-s	3122	Sep. 09, 2019	Sep. 08, 2020
2.4G Band Filter	EM Electronics	2400-2500	N/A	Feb. 26, 2020	Feb. 25, 2021
Small environment tester	ESPEC	SH-242	N/A	Oct. 08, 2019	Oct. 07, 2020
AMPLIFIER	ETS-LINDGREN	3117PA	00225134	Oct. 15, 2019	Oct. 14, 2020
ANTENNA	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9168	494	Jan. 09, 2019	Jan. 08, 2021
ANTENNA	ETS-LINDGREN	3142C	00060447	May. 17, 2019	May. 16, 2021
HORN ANTENNA	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	00154520	Oct. 21, 2018	Oct. 20, 2020
HORN ANTENNA	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	00034609	May. 17, 2019	May. 16, 2021
RF Cable	Harbour	SHWCB-3000-N	N/A	May. 12, 2020	May. 11, 2021



5. ETSI EN 300 328 REQUIREMENTS

5.1. RF OUTPUT POWER

5.1.1 LIMIT

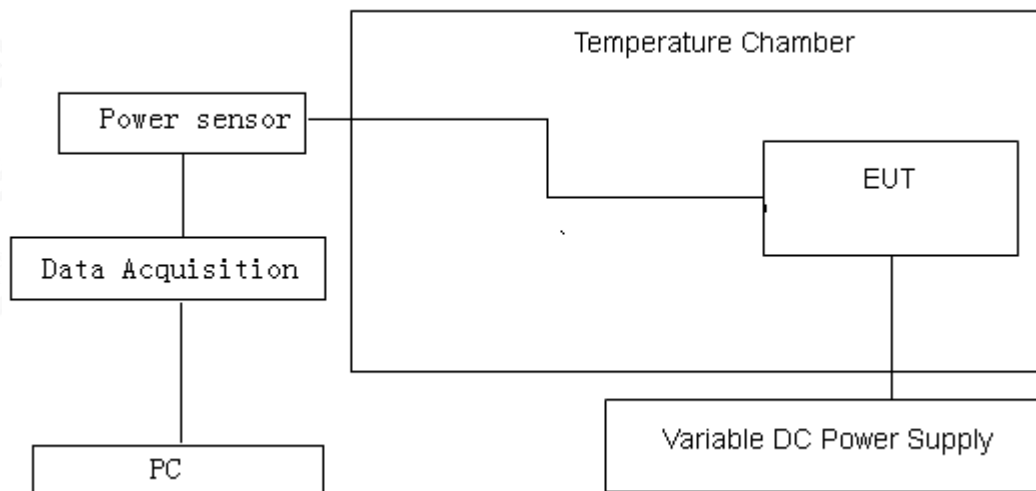
RF Output Power $\leq 100\text{mW}$ (20dBm) over Normal and Extreme conditions.

5.1.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

- 1) Use a fast power sensor and set the samples speed 1MS/s or faster.
- 2) Connect one power sensor to each transmit port, Trigger the power sensors so that they start sampling at the same time. For each instant in time, sum the power of the individual samples of all ports and store them. Use these stored samples in all following steps.
- 3) Find the start and stop times of each burst in the stored measurement samples.
- 4) Between the start and stop times of each individual burst calculate the RMS power over the burst. Save these Pburst values, as well as the start and stop times for each burst.
- 5) The highest of all Pburst values (Value "A" in dBm) will be used for maximum e.i.r.p calculations.
- 6) The cable loss and attenuator factor shall be considered to the value "A".
- 6) Add the (stated) antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi of the individual antenna. If applicable, add the additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB.
- 7) The RF output power (P) shall be calculated using the formula: $P=A+G+Y$

5.1.3 TEST CONFIGURATION

Temperature and Voltage Measurement (under normal and extreme test conditions)



5.1.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Operation Mode	Single TX	Test Date	May 26, 2020
Temperature	25°C	Tested by	Calvin
Humidity	55 % RH	Polarity	--
Antenna assembly Gain	=0dBi		
Cable Loss	=0.5dB		
Beamforming gain	=0dB		
EIRP	= P+ Gain+Y		

TEST CONDITIONS		IEEE 802.11b TRANSMITTER POWER (dBm)		
		Temp (25)°C	Temp (-10)°C	Temp (40)°C
CH 01	EIRP	14.44	14.35	14.40
CH 07	EIRP	14.97	14.85	14.94
CH 13	EIRP	13.94	13.79	13.93
Limit		20dBm		

TEST CONDITIONS		IEEE 802.11g TRANSMITTER POWER (dBm)		
		Temp (25)°C	Temp (-10)°C	Temp (40)°C
CH 01	EIRP	12.81	12.75	12.64
CH 07	EIRP	12.94	12.87	12.91
CH 13	EIRP	12.31	12.24	12.18
Limit		20dBm		

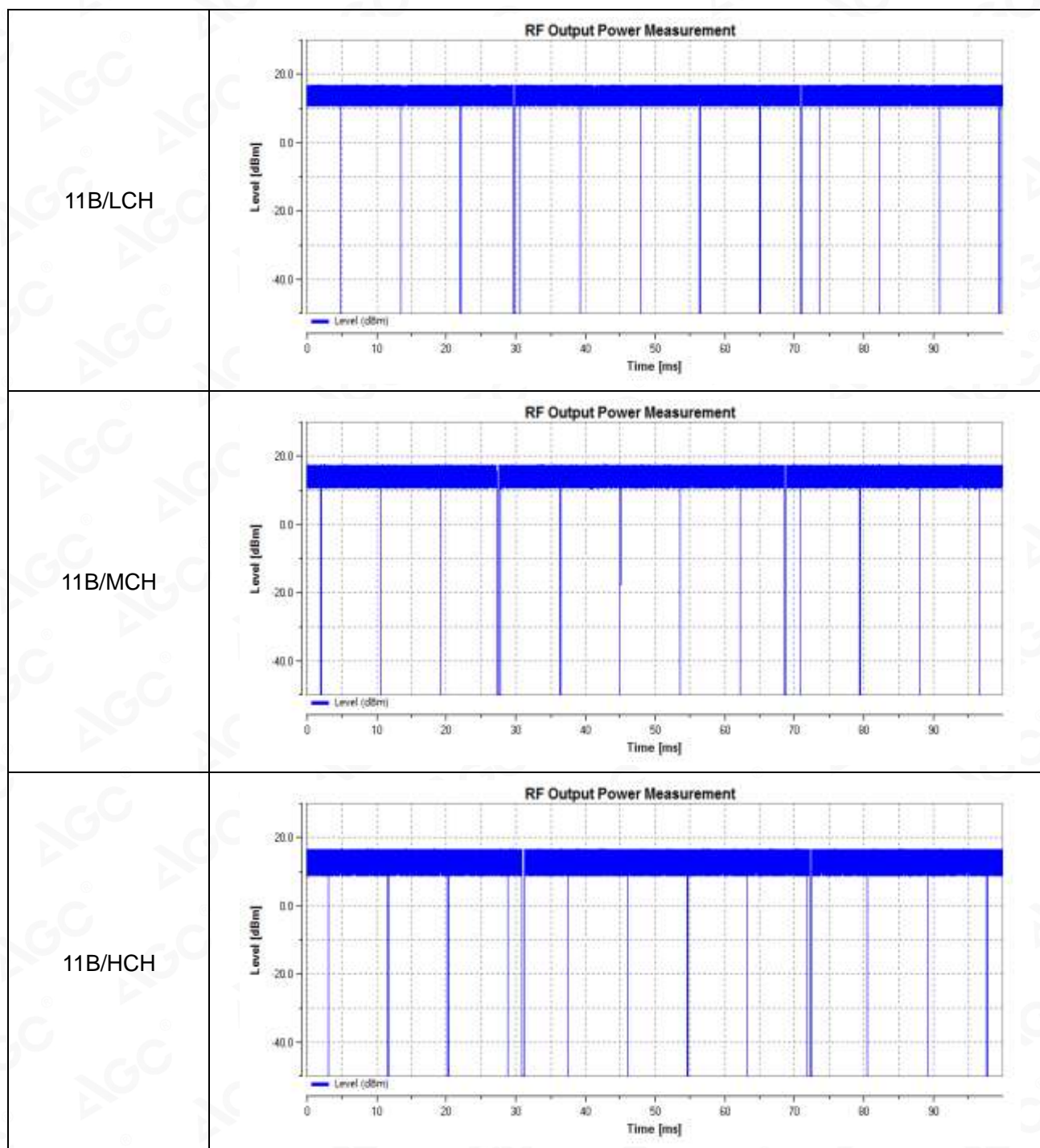
TEST CONDITIONS		IEEE 802.11n(20) TRANSMITTER POWER (dBm)		
		Temp (25)°C	Temp (-10)°C	Temp (40)°C
CH 01	EIRP	12.58	12.47	12.33
CH 07	EIRP	12.88	12.69	12.71
CH 13	EIRP	12.00	11.53	11.74
Limit		20dBm		

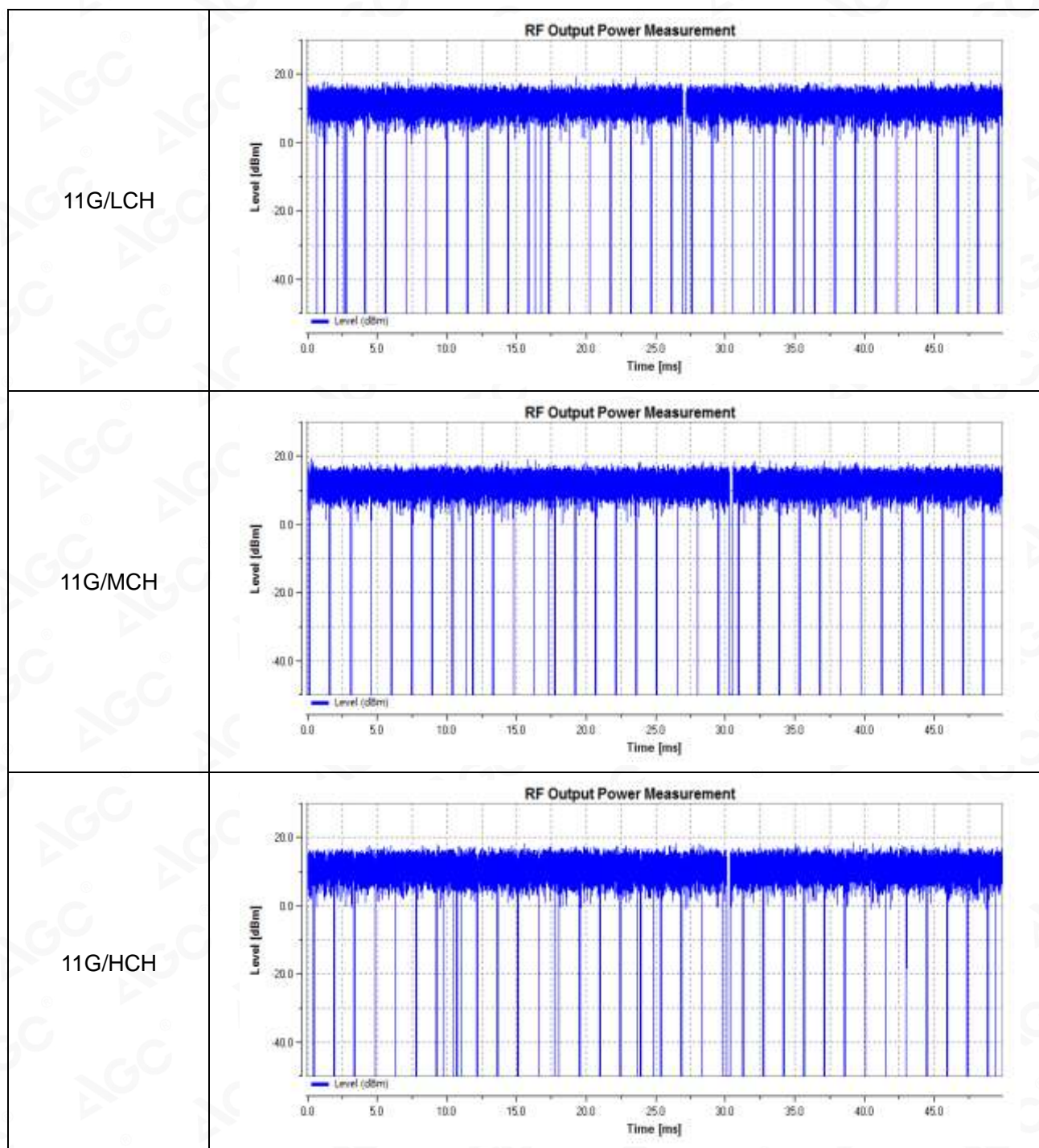


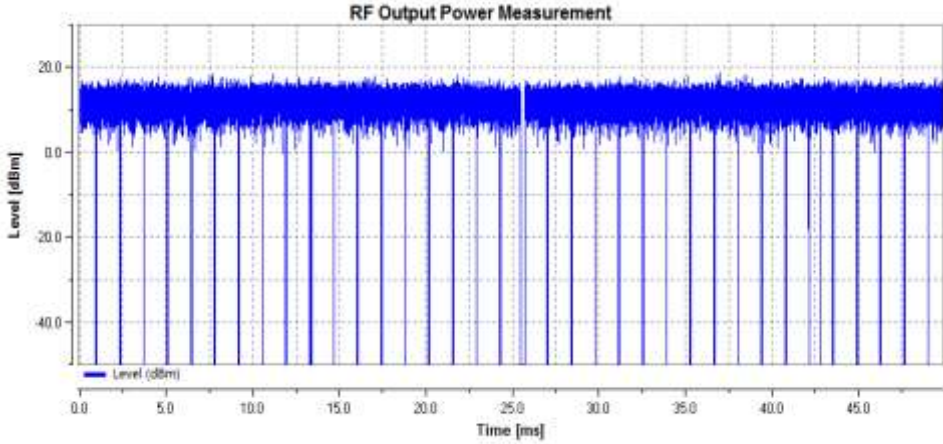
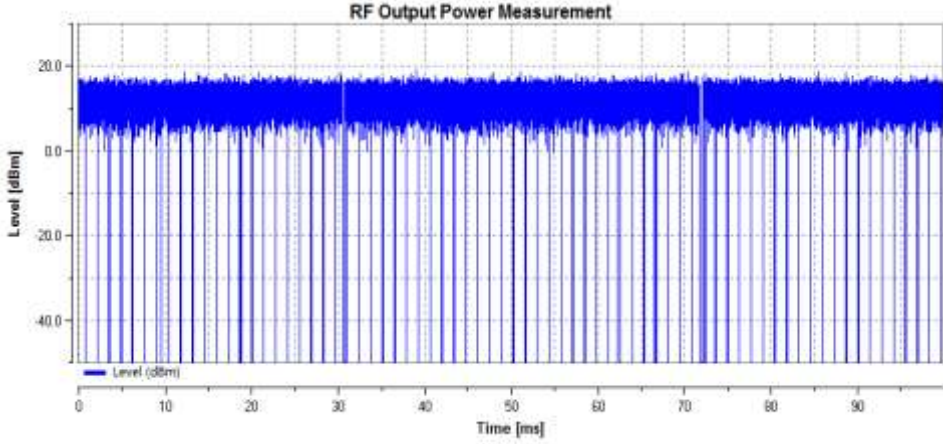
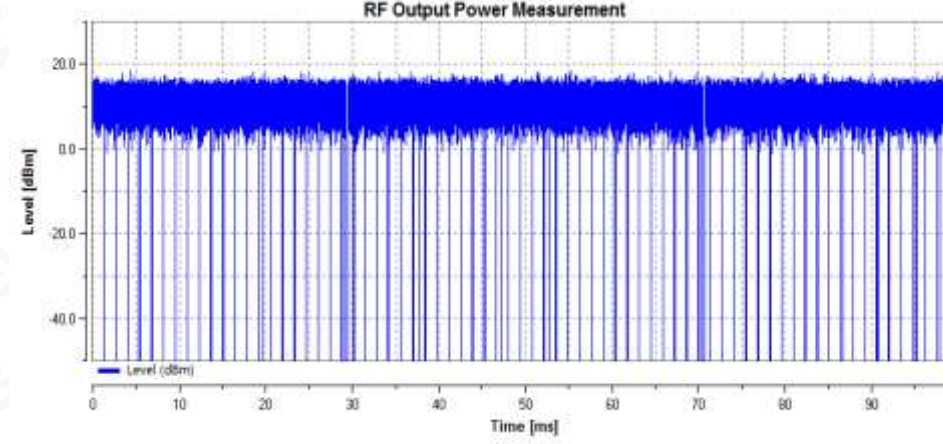
TEST CONDITIONS		IEEE 802.11n(40) TRANSMITTER POWER (dBm)		
		Temp (25)°C	Temp (-10)°C	Temp (40)°C
CH 03	EIRP	11.96	11.79	11.85
CH 07	EIRP	12.63	12.49	12.57
CH 11	EIRP	11.70	11.62	11.53
Limit		20dBm		

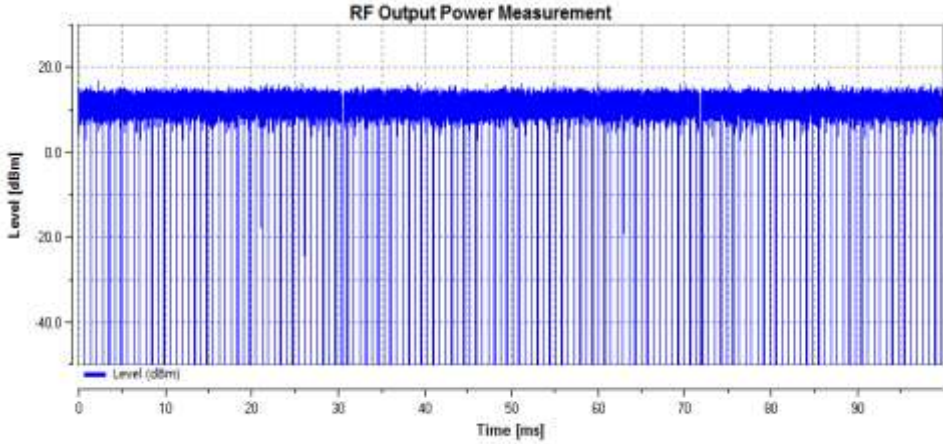
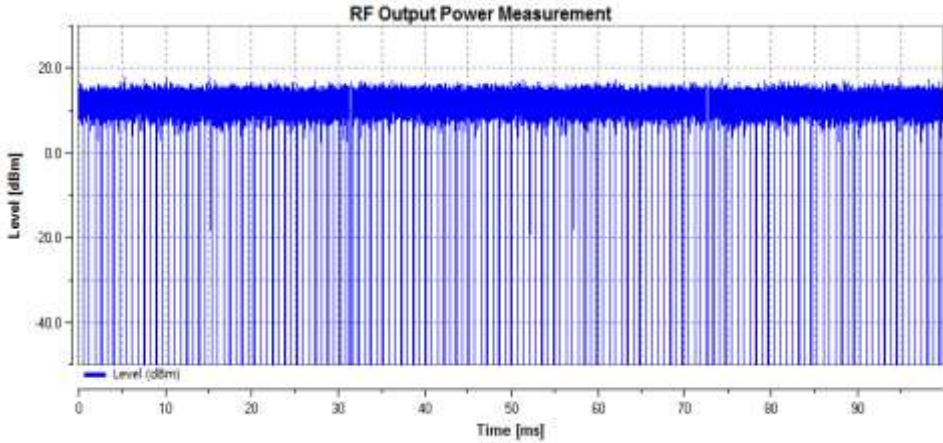
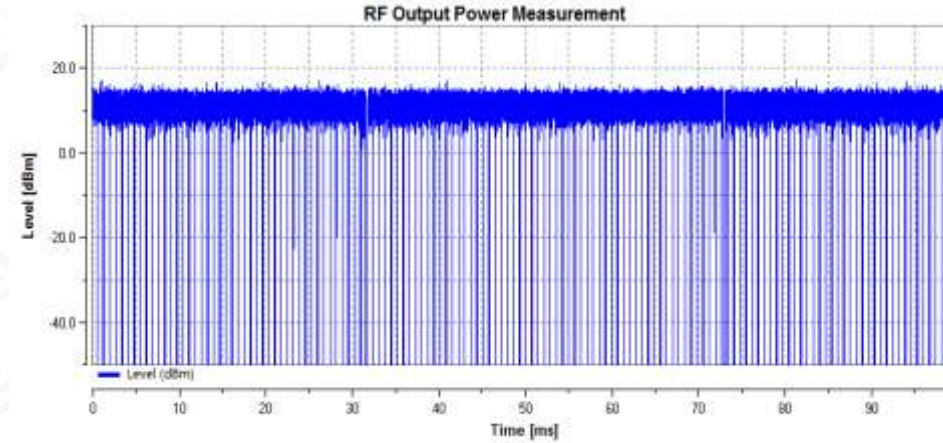
Note: Only the worst case data is reported as below.







11N20SISO/LCH	
11N20SISO/MCH	
11N20SISO/HCH	

11N40SISO/LCH	
11N40SISO/MCH	
11N40SISO/HCH	

Conclusion: PASS



5.2. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

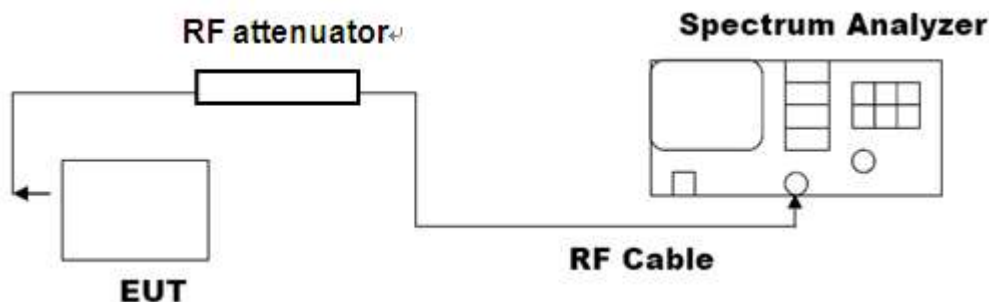
5.2.1 LIMIT

For non-adaptive equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS, The maximum Power spectral density is limited to 10mW Per MHz

5.2.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) Set the frequency from 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, use 10kHz RBW and 30kHz VBW for pre-scan. The number of sweep points shall be more than 8350. Wait for the trace to be completed and save the (trace) data set to a file.
- 2) Add up the values for amplitude (power) for all the samples in the file.
- 3) Normalize the individual values for amplitude so that the sum is equal to the RF Output Power(e.i.r.p) measured in 5.1.
- 4) Starting from the first sample in the file (lowest frequency), add up the power of the following samples representing a 1MHz segment and record the results for power and position (i.e. sample #1 to #100). This is the Power Spectral Density (e.i.r.p) for the first 1MHz segment which shall be recorded.
- 5) Shift the start point of the samples added up in step 5 by 1 sample and repeat the procedure in step 4(i.e. sample #2 to #101).
- 6) Repeat step 5 until the end of the data set and record the radiated power spectral Density values for each of the 1MHz segments.
- 7) The cable loss and attenuator factor shall be considered to the test result.
- 8) The highest value shall be recorded in the test report.

5.2.3 TEST CONFIGURATION



5.2.4 TEST RESULTS

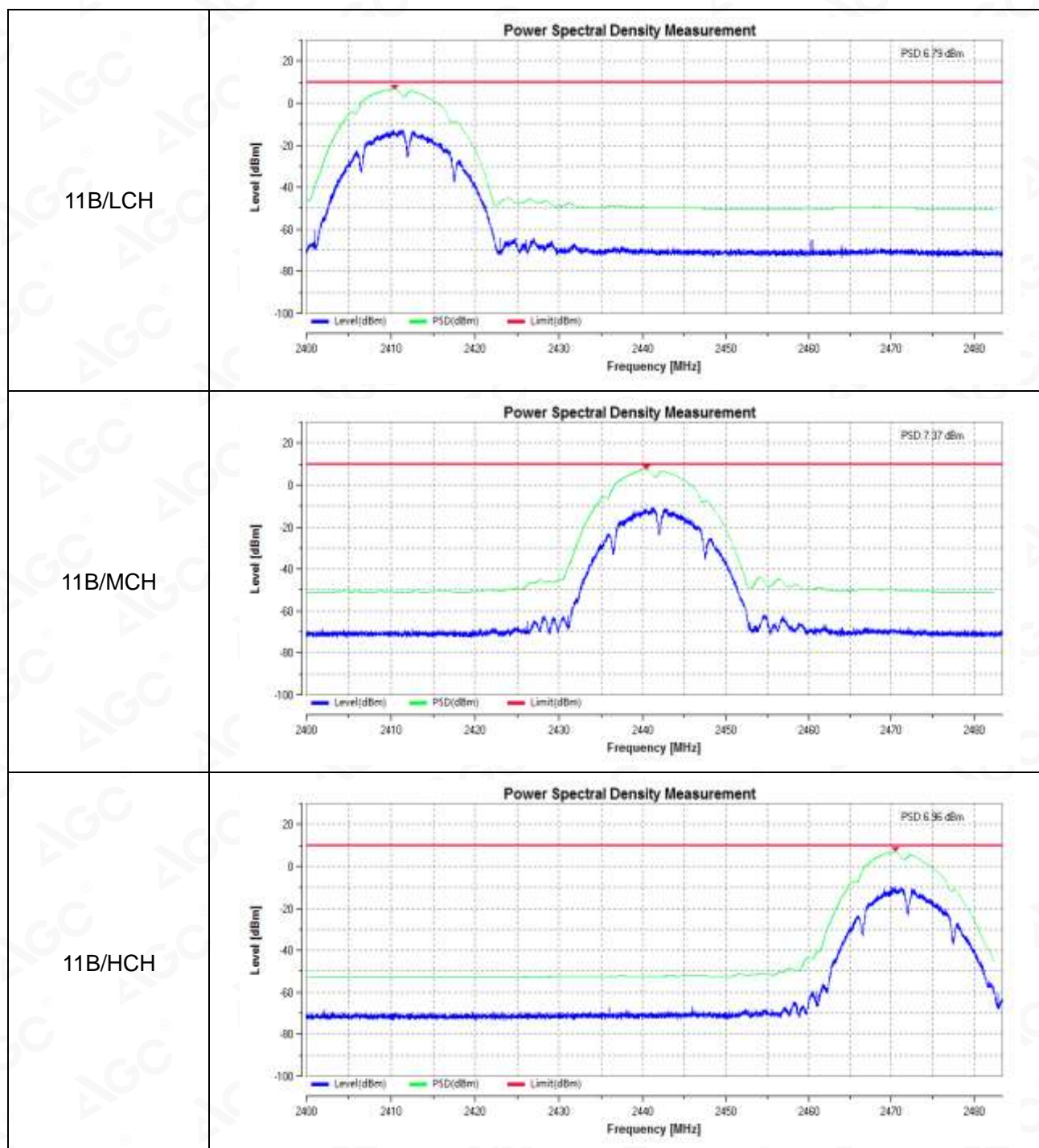
IEEE 802.11b Power Spectral Density			
Channel Tested	Power Density (dBm/MHz)	Test Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
CH 01	6.79	10	Pass
CH 07	7.37	10	Pass
CH 13	6.96	10	Pass

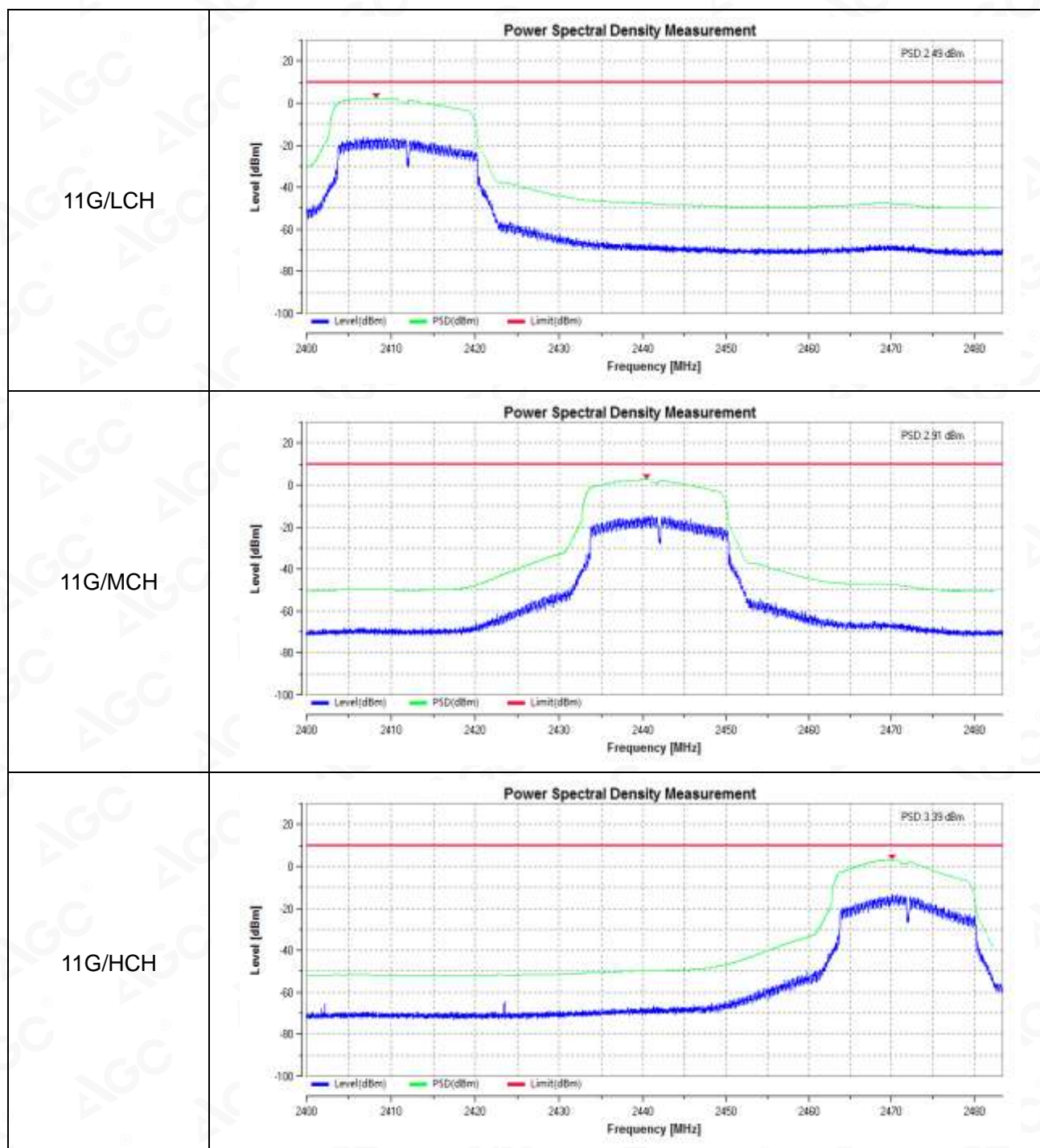
IEEE 802.11g Power Spectral Density			
Channel Tested	Power Density (dBm/MHz)	Test Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
CH 01	2.49	10	Pass
CH 07	2.91	10	Pass
CH 13	3.39	10	Pass

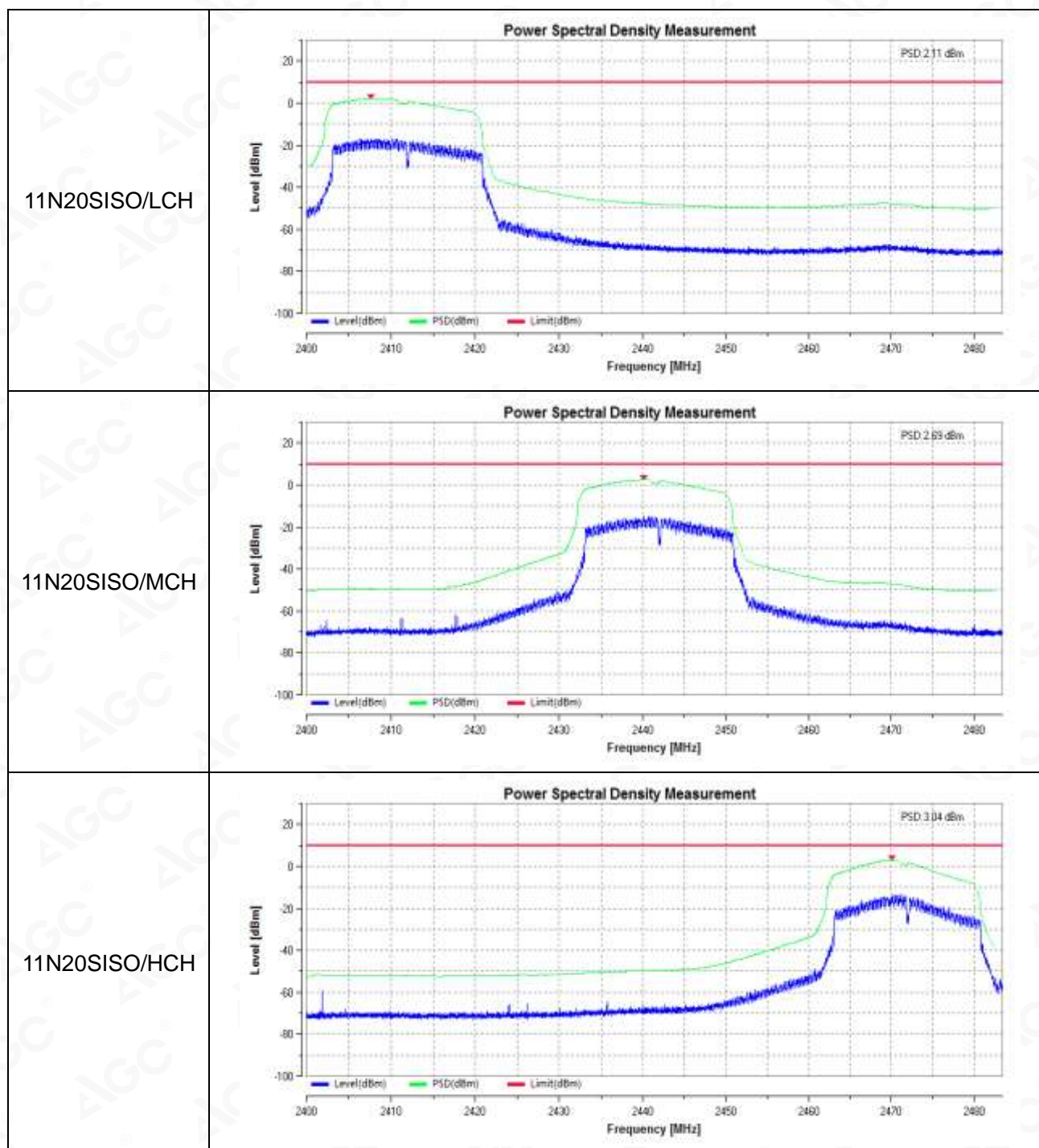
IEEE 802.11n(20) Power Spectral Density			
Channel Tested	Power Density (dBm/MHz)	Test Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
CH 01	2.11	10	Pass
CH 07	2.69	10	Pass
CH 13	3.04	10	Pass

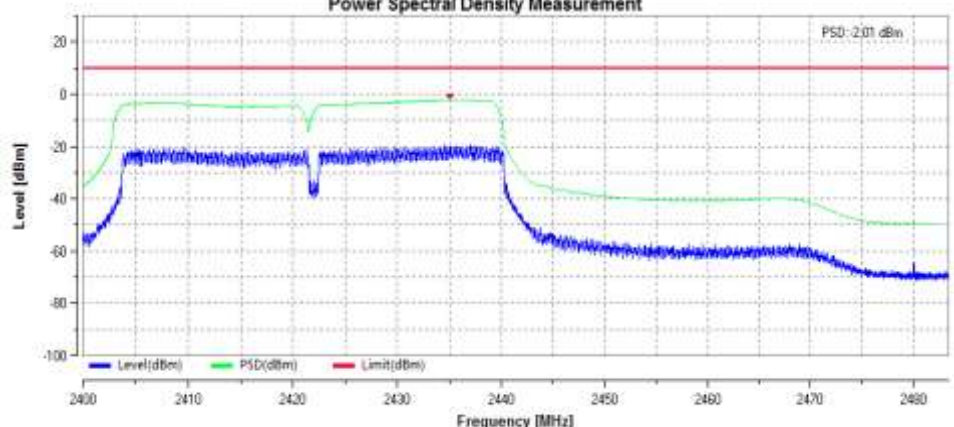
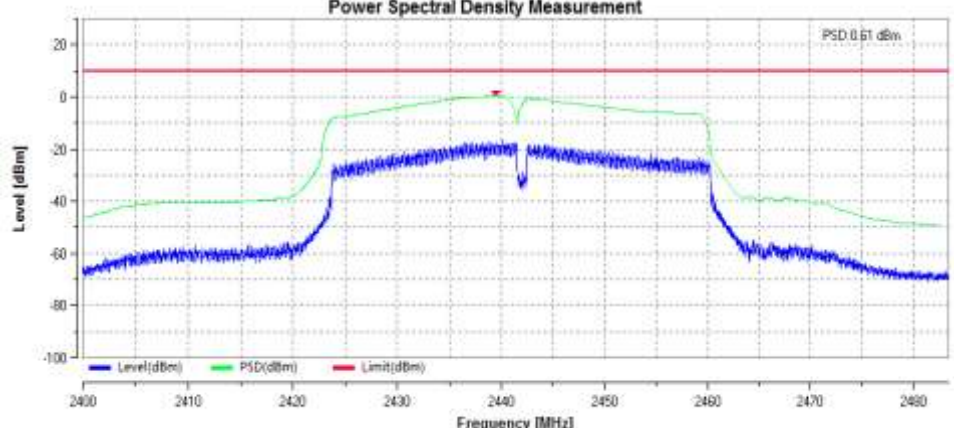
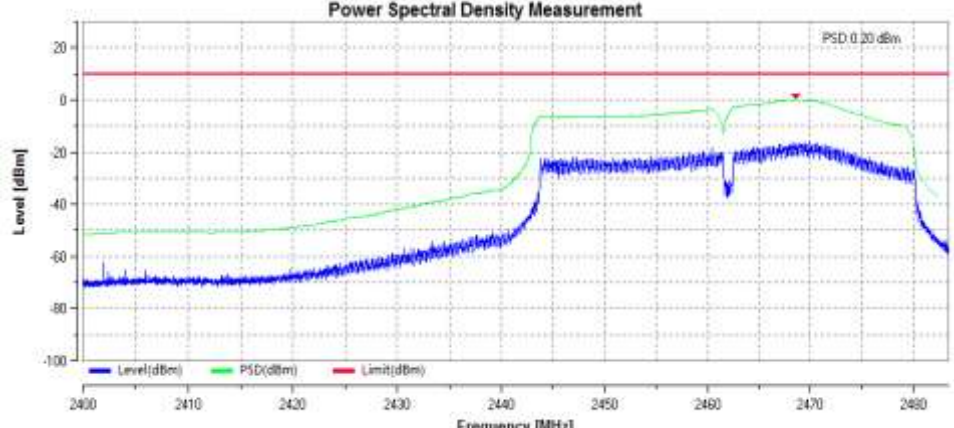
IEEE 802.11n(40) Power Spectral Density			
Channel Tested	Power Density (dBm/MHz)	Test Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
CH 03	-2.01	10	Pass
CH 07	0.61	10	Pass
CH 11	0.20	10	Pass









11N40SISO/LCH	<p>Power Spectral Density Measurement</p> 
11N40SISO/MCH	<p>Power Spectral Density Measurement</p> 
11N40SISO/HCH	<p>Power Spectral Density Measurement</p> 

Conclusion: PASS



5.3. ADAPTIVITY

The method of adaptivity is using LBT based on LBE.

5.3.1 LIMIT

The Channel Occupancy Time shall be less than 13ms.

If implemented, Short Control Signalling Transmissions of adaptive equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS shall have a maximum duty cycle of 10 % within an observation period of 50 ms.

For power levels less than 20 dBm e.i.r.p., the CCA threshold level(TL) may be relaxed to:

$$TL = -70 \text{ dBm/MHz} + 10 \times \log_{10} (100 \text{ mW} / P_{out}) \quad (P_{out} \text{ in mW e.i.r.p.})$$

An unwanted CW signal as defined in the below table.

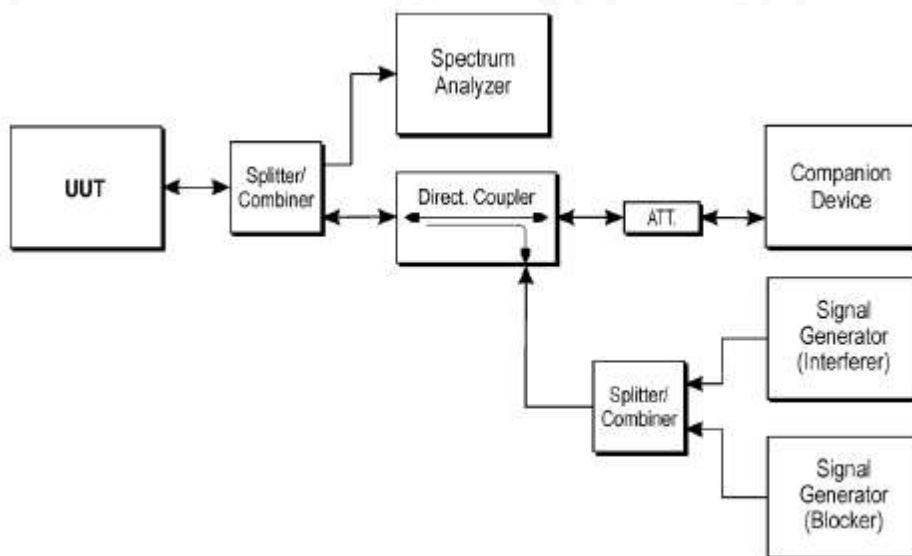
Wanted signal mean power from companion device	Unwanted CW signal frequency (MHz)	Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)
sufficient to maintain the link (see note 2)	2 395 or 2 488,5 (see note 1)	-35 (see note 3)
<p>NOTE 1: The highest frequency shall be used for testing operating channels within the range 2 400 MHz to 2 442 MHz, while the lowest frequency shall be used for testing operating channels within the range 2 442 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz. See clause 5.4.6.1.</p> <p>NOTE 2: A typical conducted value which can be used in most cases is -50 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>NOTE 3: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna.</p>		

5.3.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) The EUT connect to a companion device during the test. Adjust the received signal level at the EuT to the value of -50dBm/MHz.
- 2) the analyzer shall be set as below: RBW>=Occupied Channel Bandwidth (if the analyser does not support this setting, the highest available setting shall be used) and VBW>=3×RBW.
- 3) Configure the EUT for normal transmission with a sufficiently high payload to allow demonstration of compliance of the adaptive mechanism on the channel being tested.
- 4) Adding the interference signal and verification of reaction to the interference signal.
- 5) Adding the unwanted signal and verification of reaction to the unwanted signal.
- 6) Removing the interference and unwanted signal.



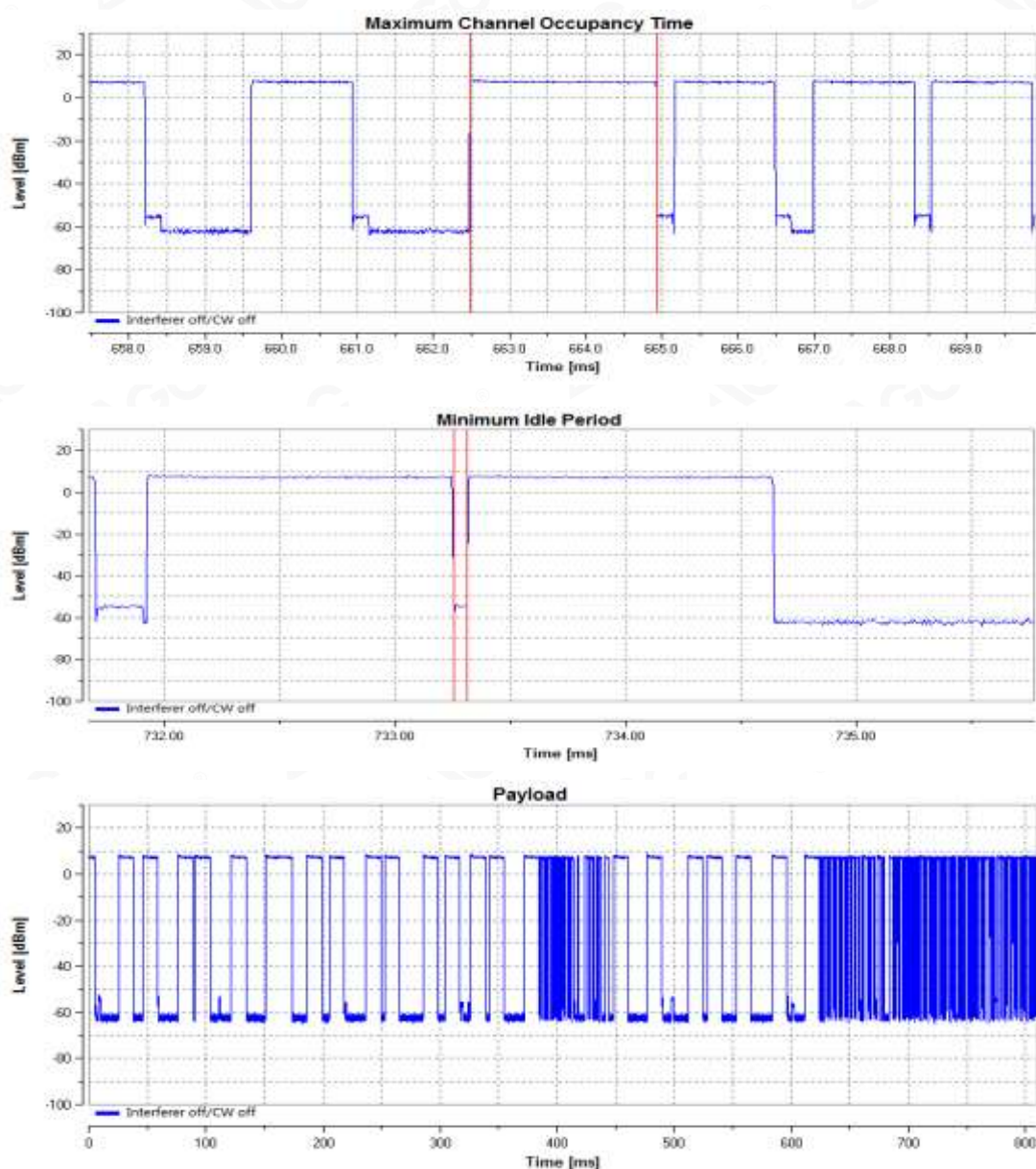
5.3.3 TEST CONFIGURATION



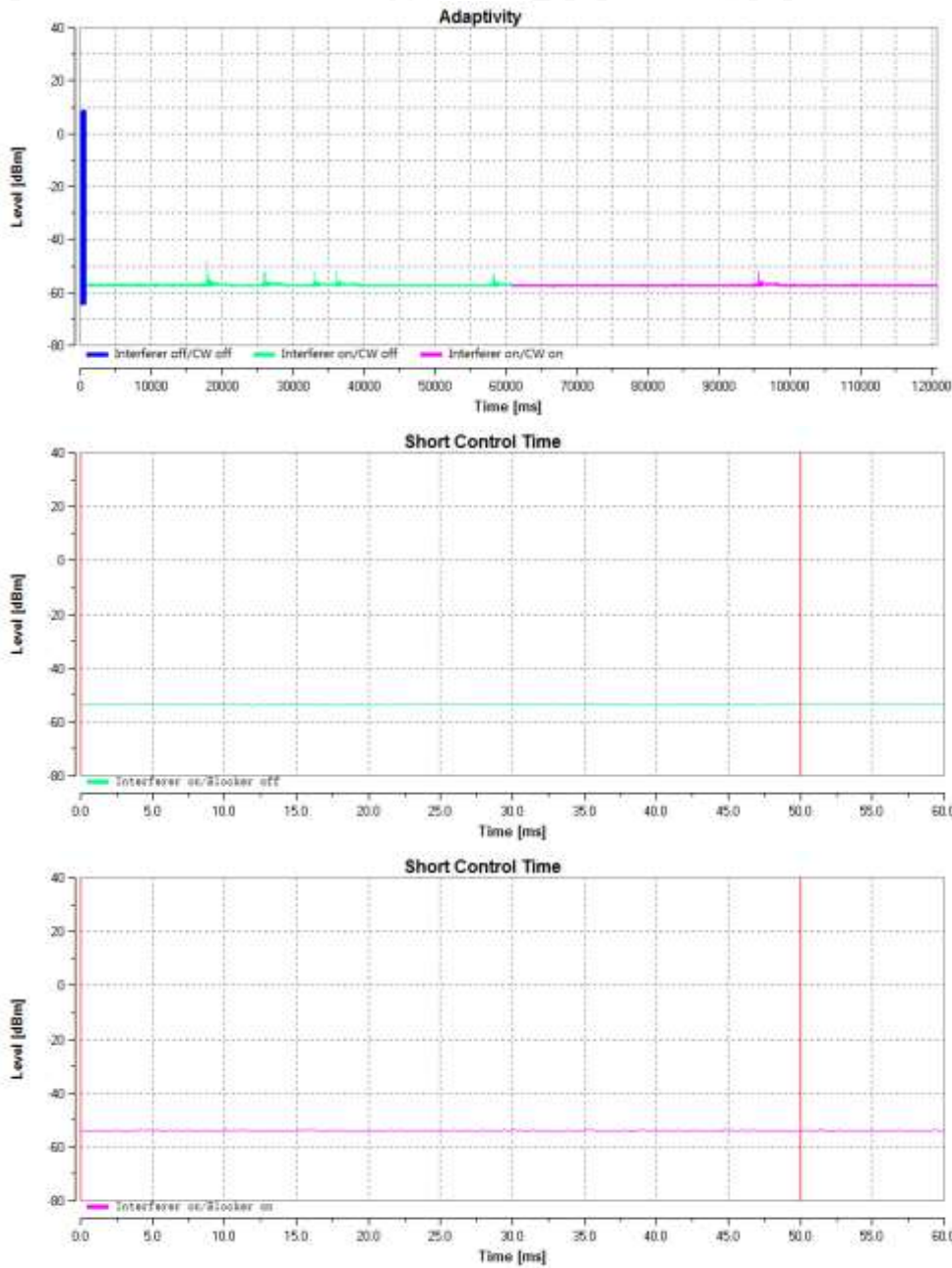
5.3.4 TEST RESULTS

IEEE802.11b Low Channel	
Threshold Level (dBm/MHz)	-64.44
Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)	-35
Max COT Time (ms)	2.247
Minimum Idle Time (ms)	0.082
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the interference signal 50ms	0.00
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the blocking signal with the interfering signal 50ms	0.00

Max COT Time and Minimum Idle time

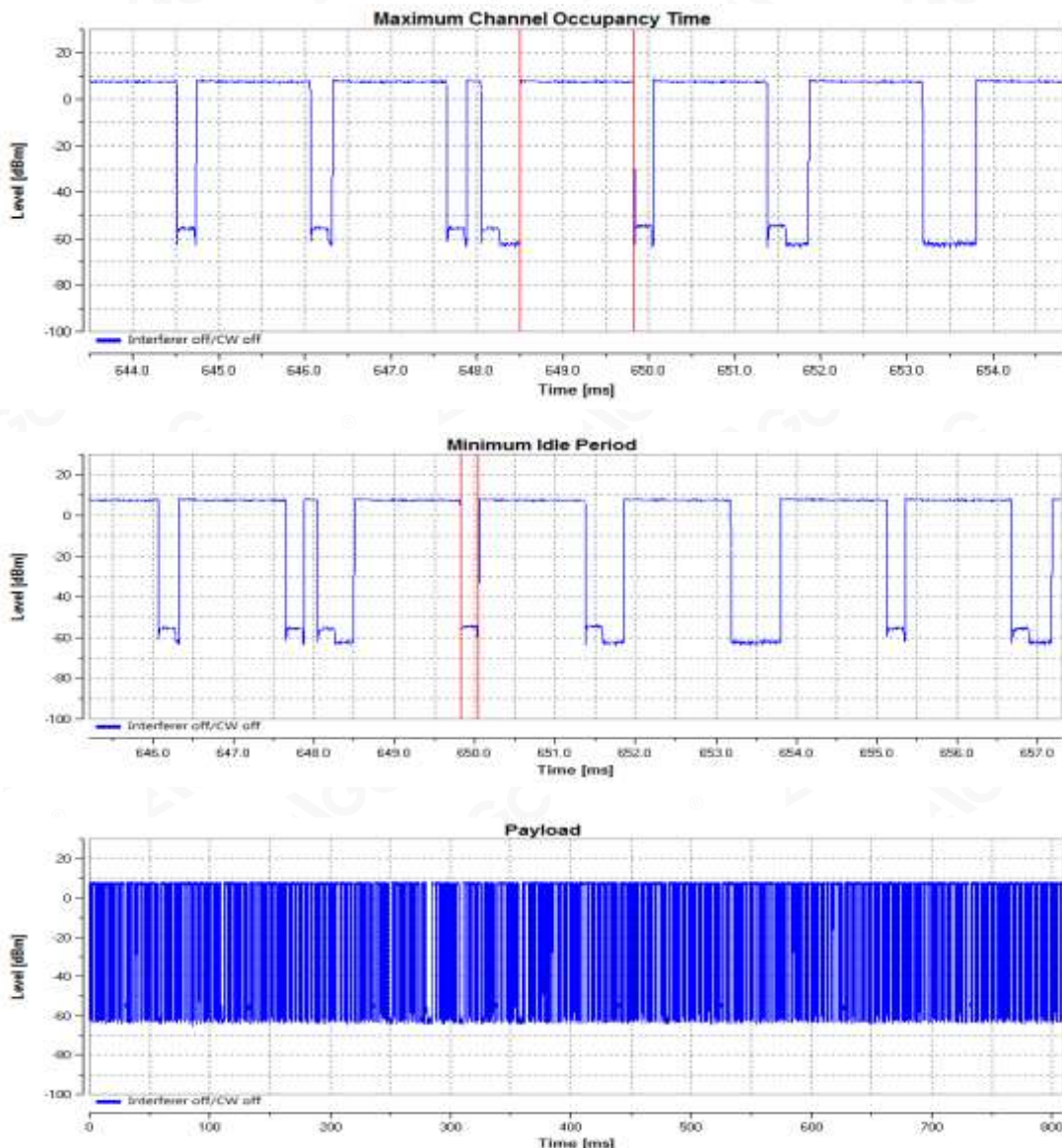


Adding the interference signal(Green line) and the unwanted signal(Red line)

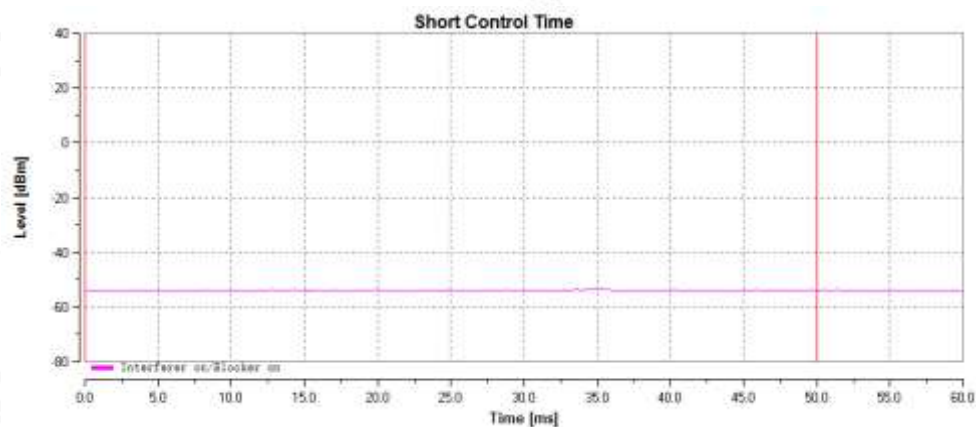
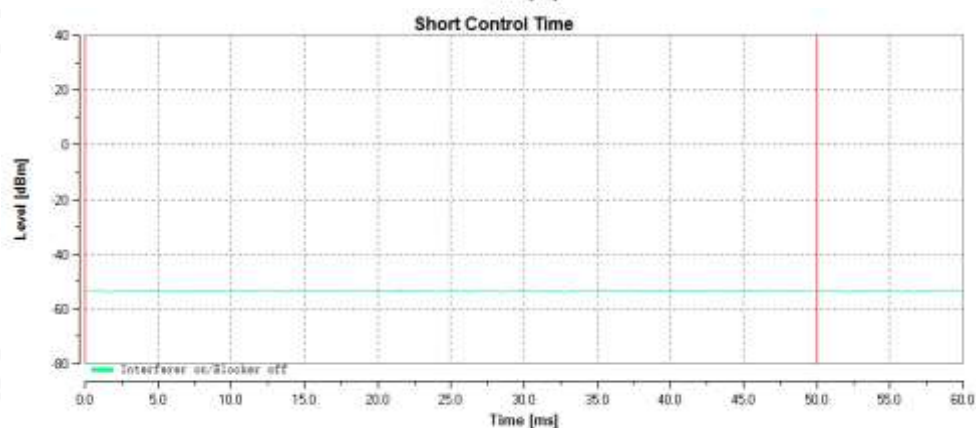
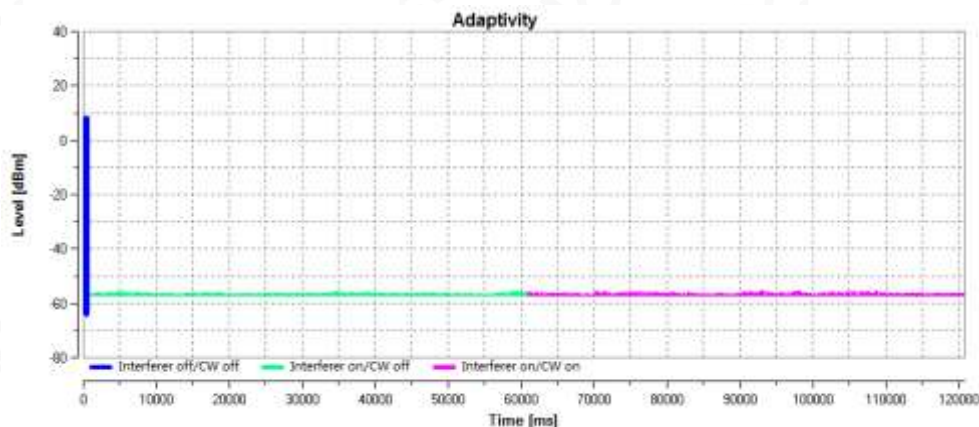


IEEE802.11b High Channel	
Threshold Level (dBm/MHz)	-63.94
Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)	-35
Max COT Time (ms)	1.312
Minimum Idle Time (ms)	0.242
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the interference signal 50ms	0.00
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the blocking signal with the interfering signal 50ms	0.00

Max COT Time and Minimum Idle time

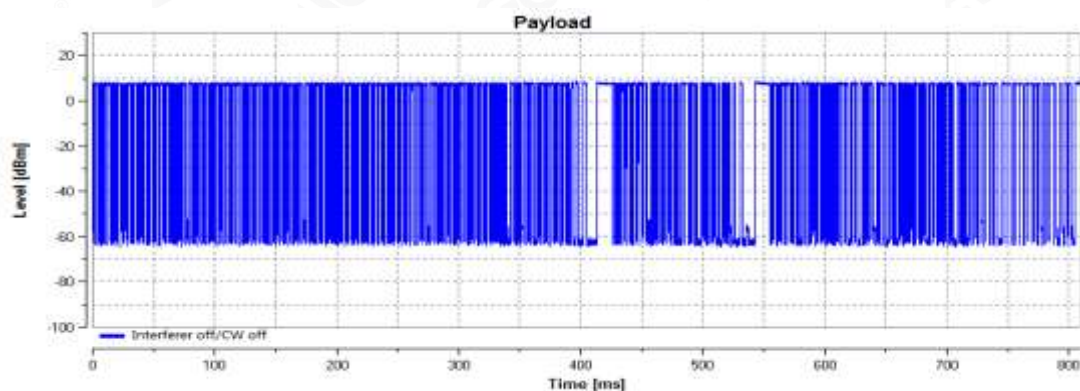
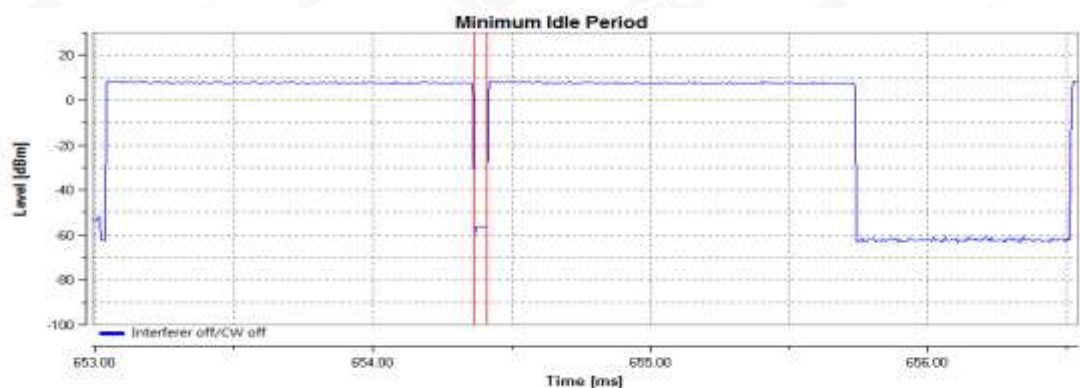
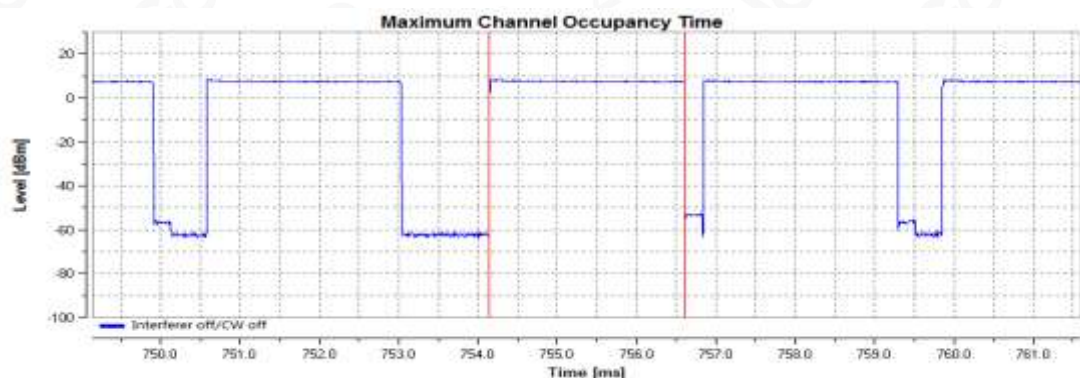


Adding the interference signal(Green line) and the unwanted signal(Red line)

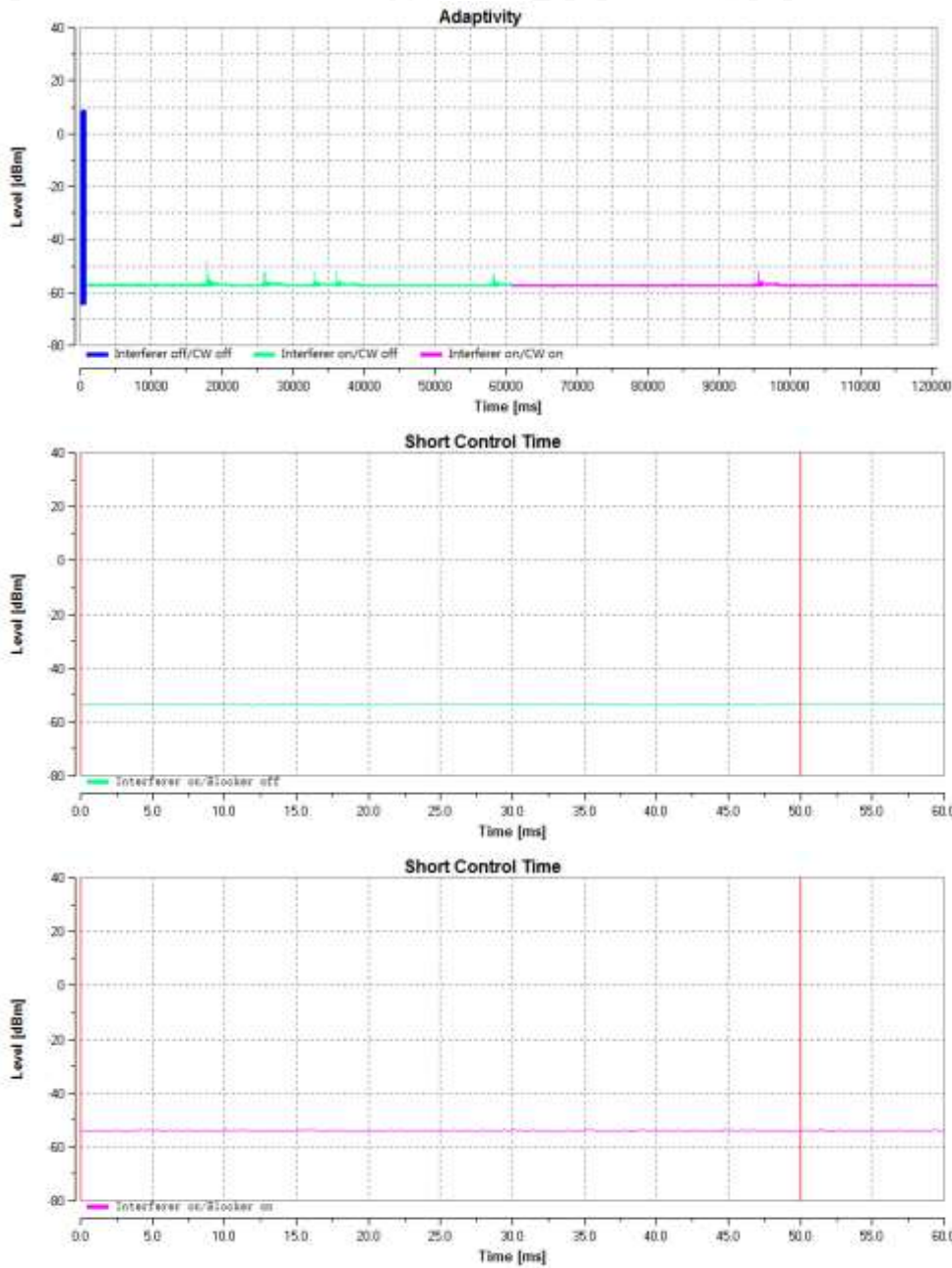


IEEE802.11g Low Channel	
Threshold Level (dBm/MHz)	-62.81
Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)	-35
Max COT Time (ms)	2.432
Minimum Idle Time (ms)	0.071
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the interference signal 50ms	0.00
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the blocking signal with the interfering signal 50ms	0.00

Max COT Time and Minimum Idle time

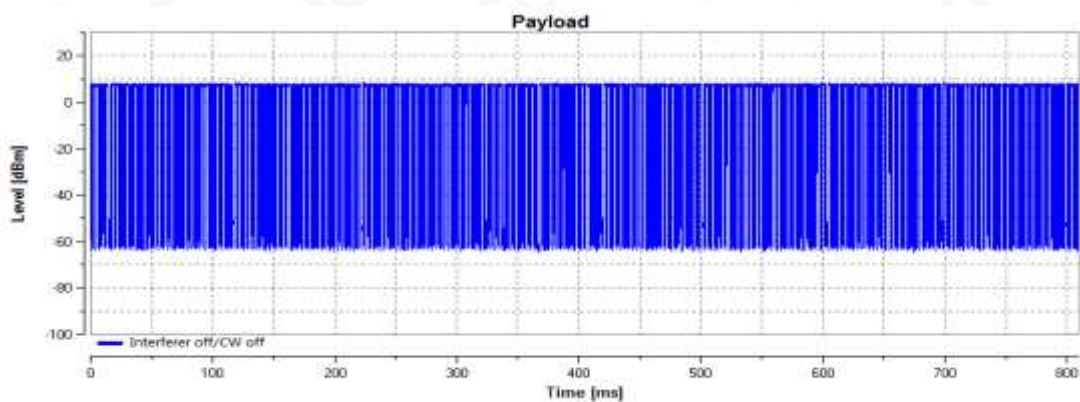
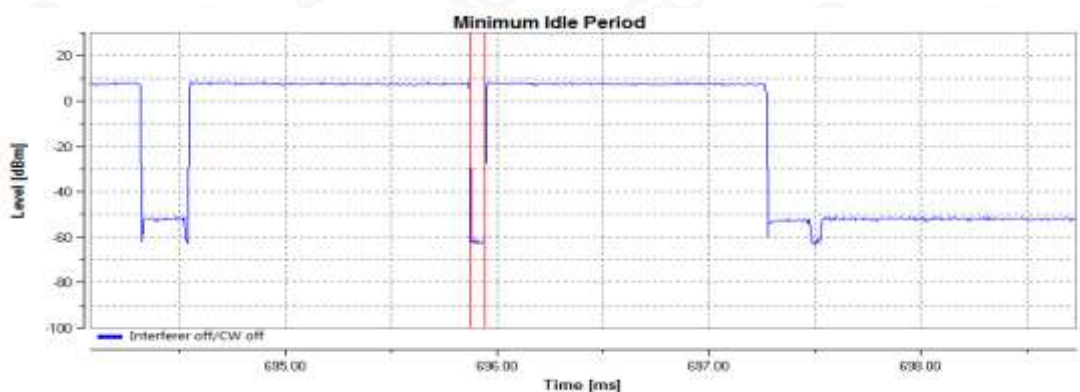
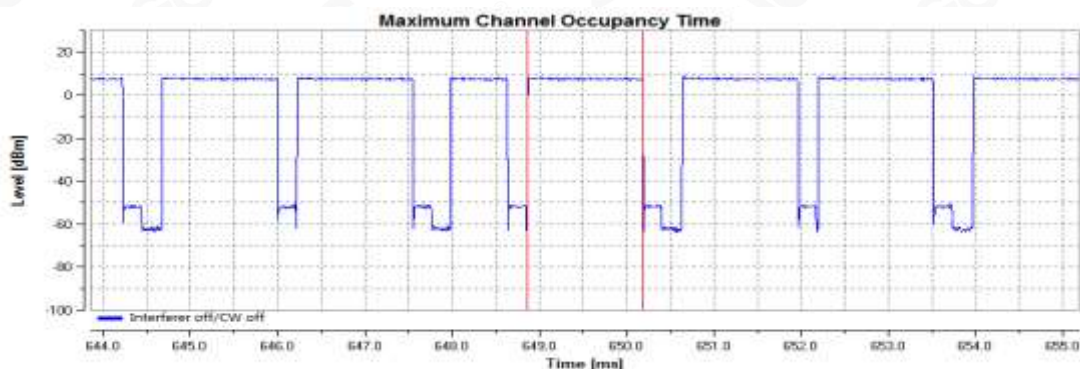


Adding the interference signal(Green line) and the unwanted signal(Red line)

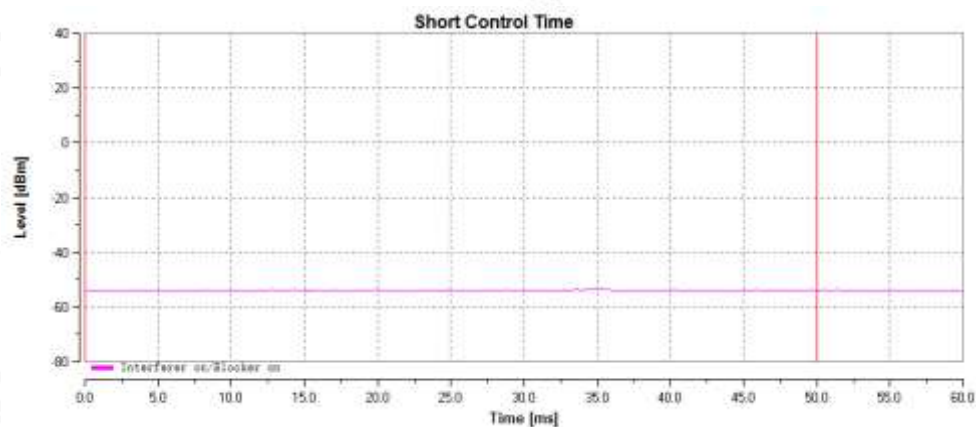
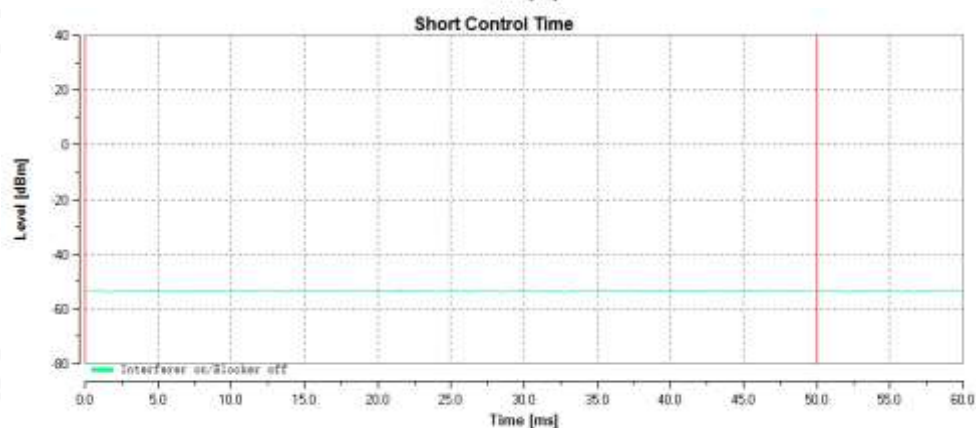
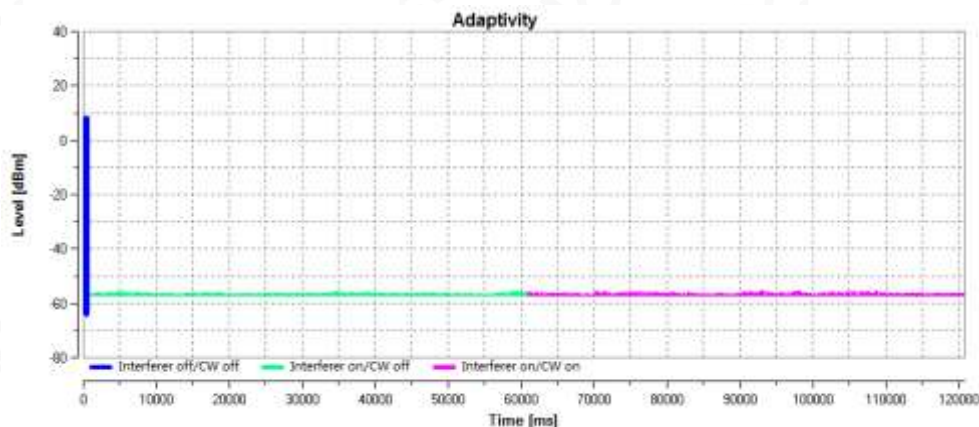


IEEE802.11g High Channel	
Threshold Level (dBm/MHz)	-62.31
Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)	-35
Max COT Time (ms)	2.432
Minimum Idle Time (ms)	0.071
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the interference signal 50ms	0.00
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the blocking signal with the interfering signal 50ms	0.00

Max COT Time and Minimum Idle time

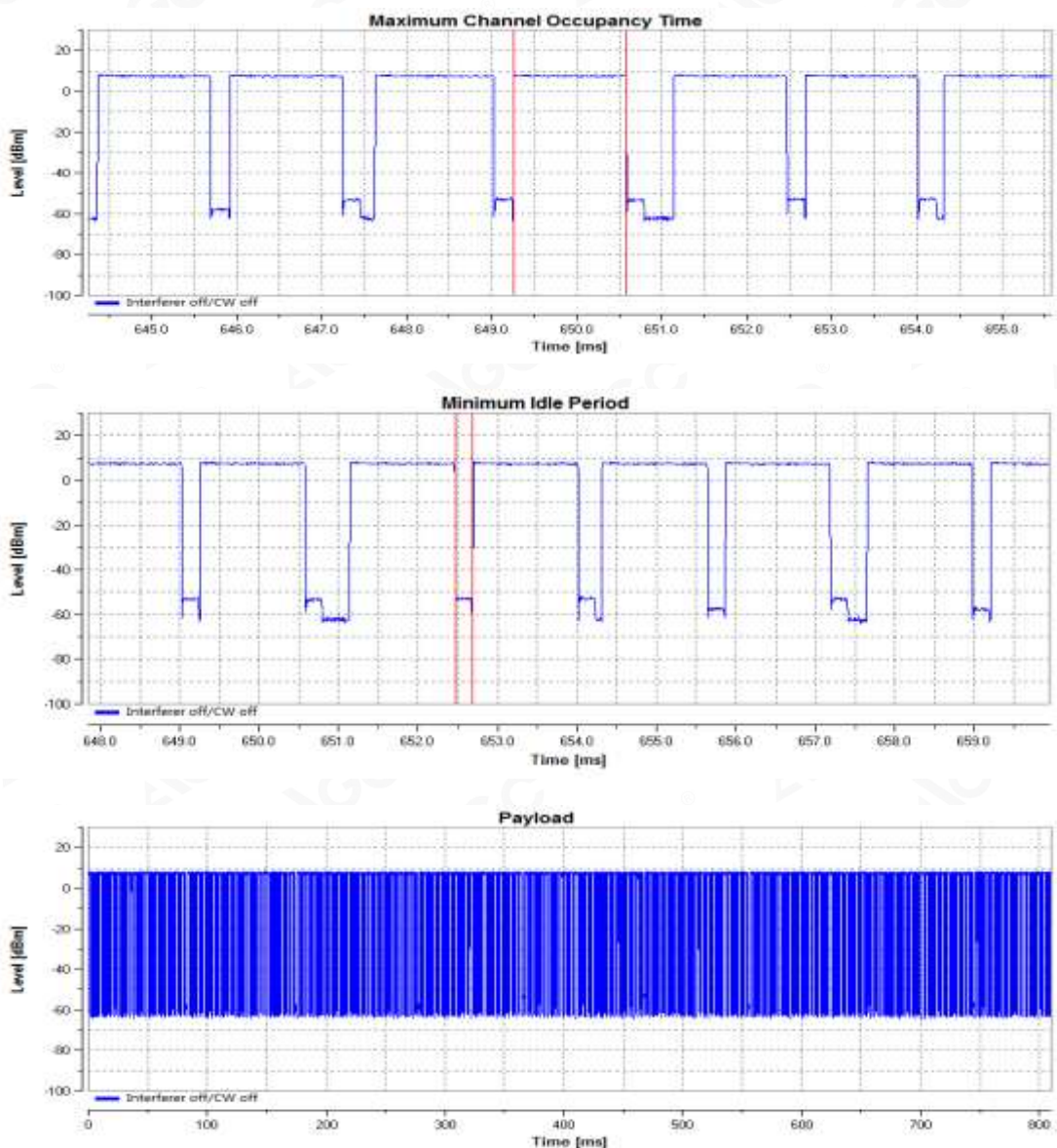


Adding the interference signal(Green line) and the unwanted signal(Red line)

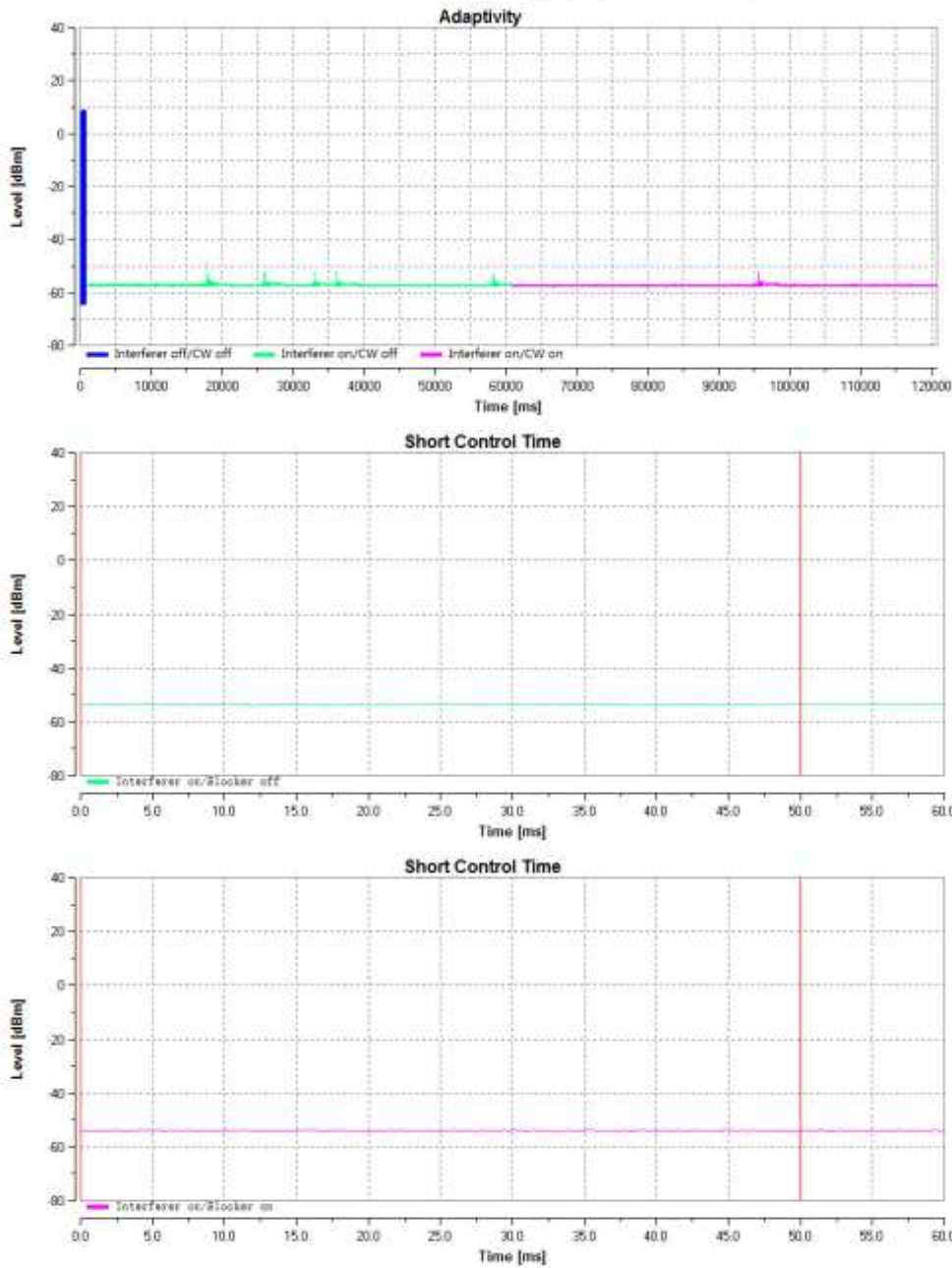


IEEE802.11n20 Low Channel	
Threshold Level (dBm/MHz)	-62.58
Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)	-35
Max COT Time (ms)	1.312
Minimum Idle Time (ms)	0.242
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the interference signal 50ms	0.00
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the blocking signal with the interfering signal 50ms	0.00

Max COT Time and Minimum Idle time

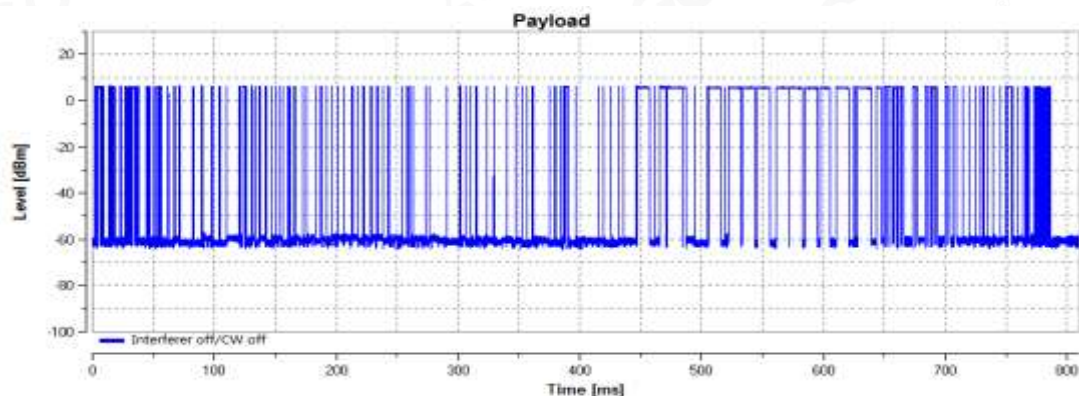
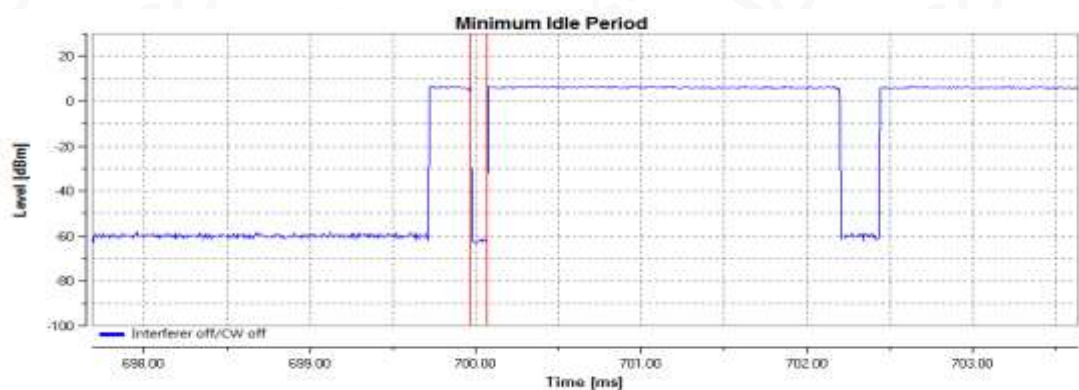
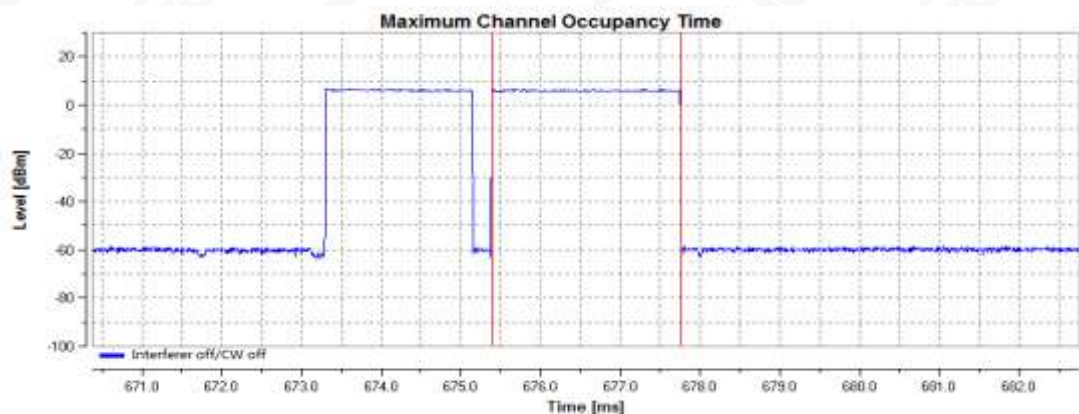


Adding the interference signal(Green line) and the unwanted signal(Red line)

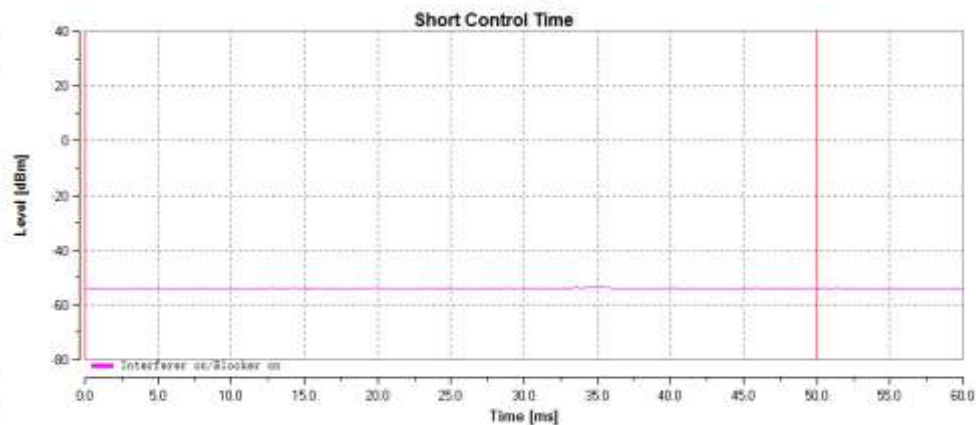
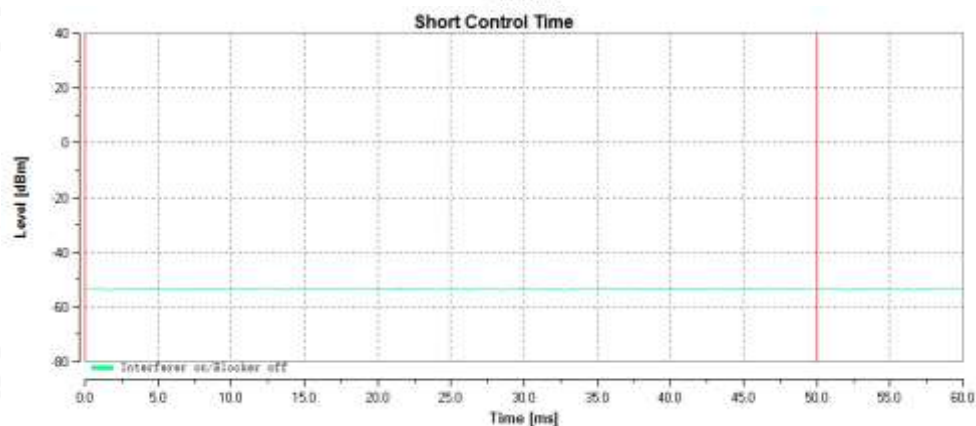
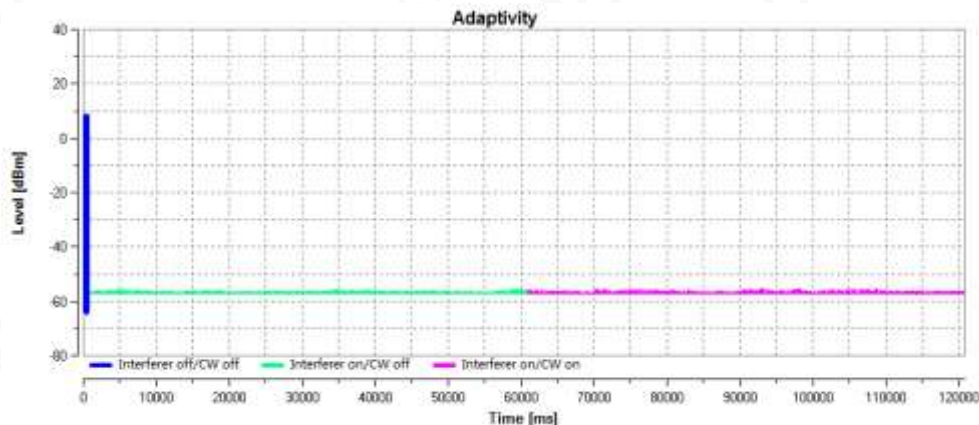


IEEE802.11n20 High Channel	
Threshold Level (dBm/MHz)	-62.00
Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)	-35
Max COT Time (ms)	2.347
Minimum Idle Time (ms)	0.119
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the interference signal 50ms	0.00
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the blocking signal with the interfering signal 50ms	0.00

Max COT Time and Minimum Idle time

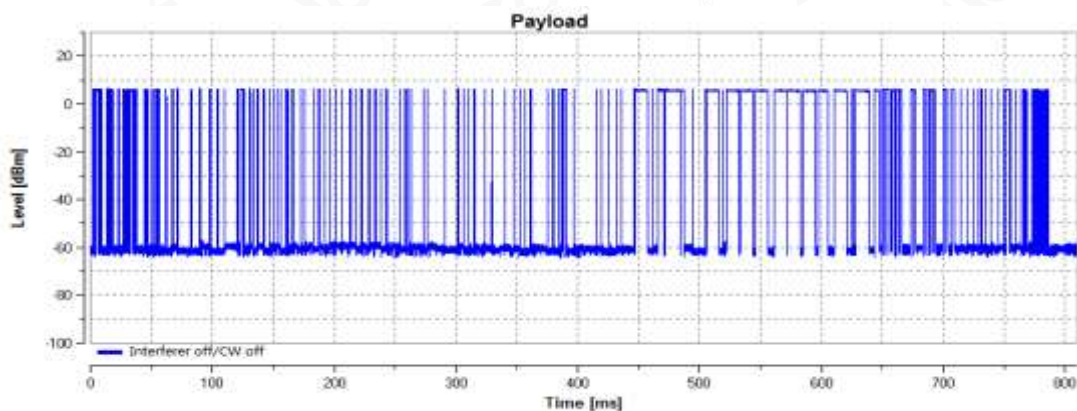
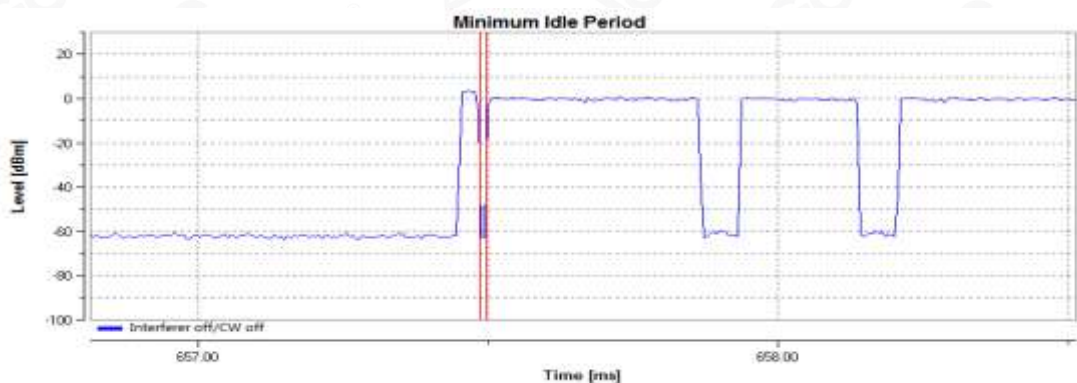
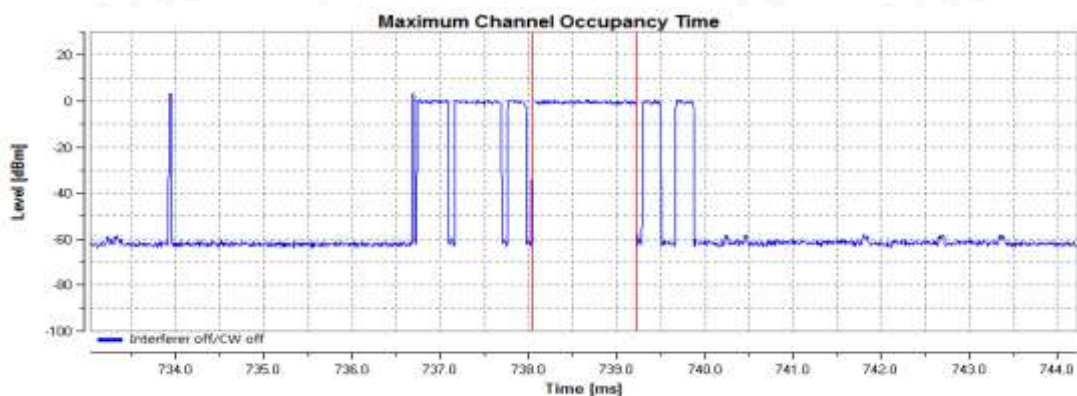


Adding the interference signal(Green line) and the unwanted signal(Red line)

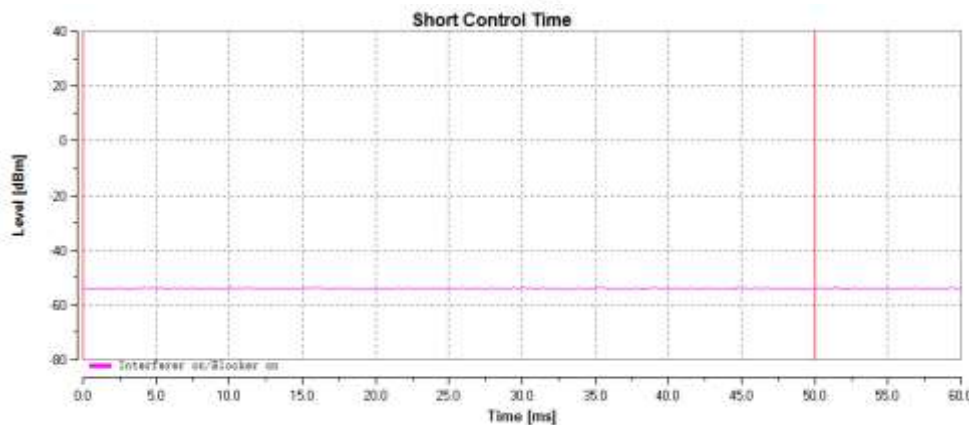
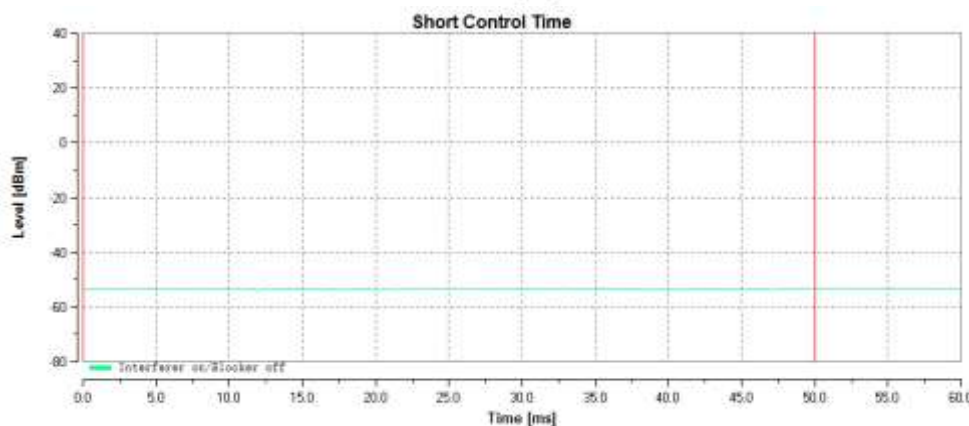
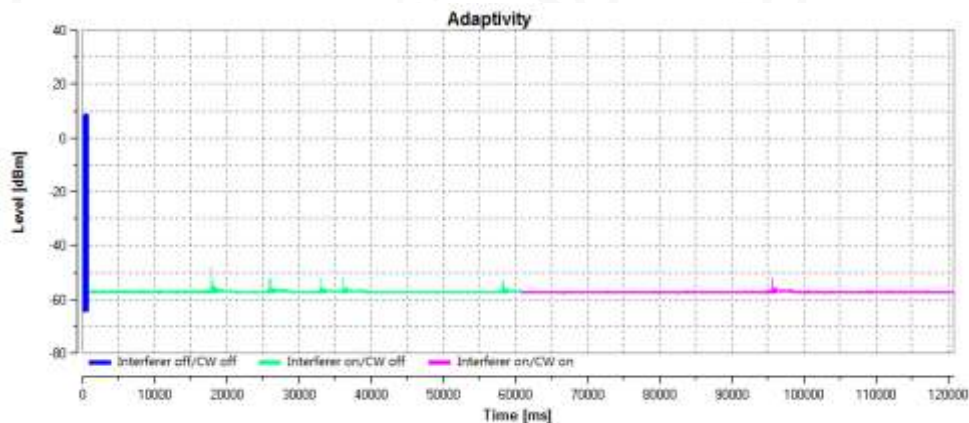


IEEE802.11n40 Low Channel	
Threshold Level (dBm/MHz)	-61.96
Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)	-35
Max COT Time (ms)	1.173
Minimum Idle Time (ms)	0.034
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the interference signal 50ms	0.00
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the blocking signal with the interfering signal 50ms	0.00

Max COT Time and Minimum Idle time

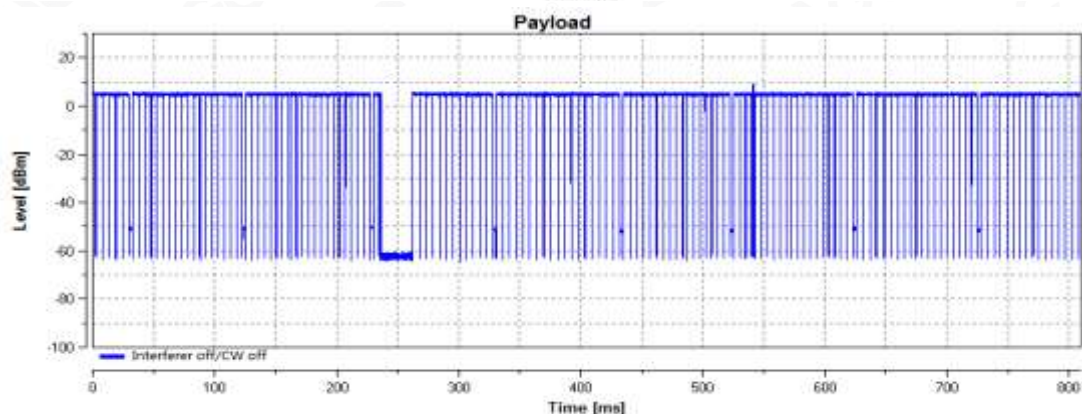
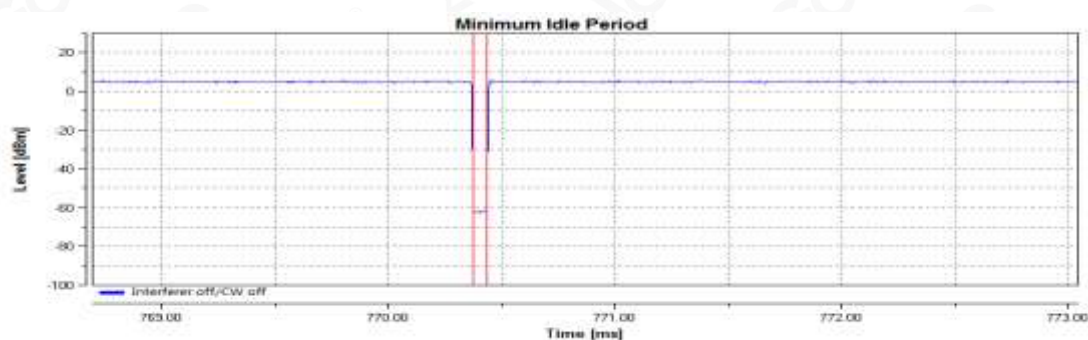
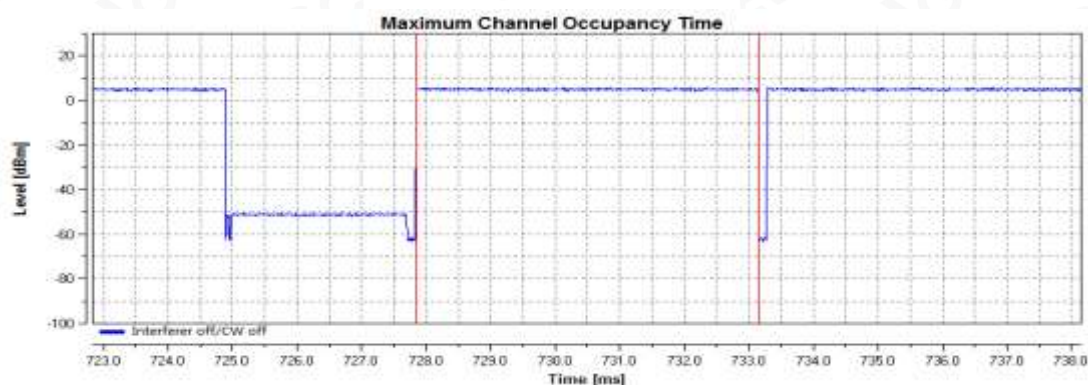


Adding the interference signal(Green line) and the unwanted signal(Red line)

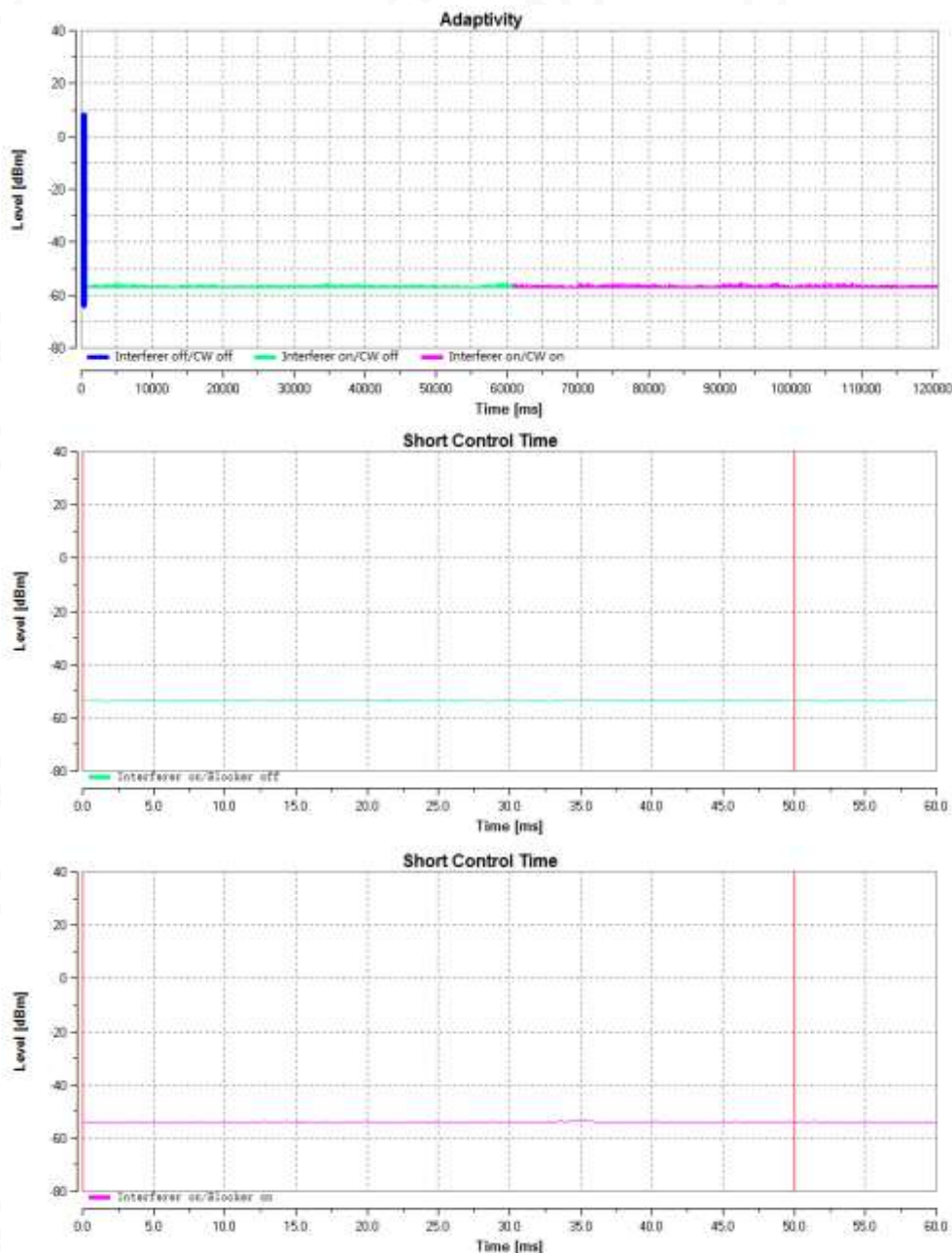


IEEE802.11n40 High Channel	
Threshold Level (dBm/MHz)	-61.70
Unwanted CW signal power (dBm)	-35
Max COT Time (ms)	5.248
Minimum Idle Time (ms)	0.087
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the interference signal 50ms	0.00
Duty Cycle (%) after adding the blocking signal with the interfering signal 50ms	0.00

Max COT Time and Minimum Idle time



Adding the interference signal(Green line) and the unwanted signal(Red line)



Note: When removal of the interference and Unwanted signal the UUT will be transmitting again on this channel.

Conclusion: PASS



5.4. OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

5.4.1 LIMIT

The Occupied Channel Bandwidth shall fall completely within the band 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz.

5.4.2 TEST PROCEDURE

1) The spectrum analyser shall be used the following settings:

Centre Frequency: The centre frequency of the channel under test

Resolution BW: ~1% of the span without going below 1%

Video BW: $3 \times \text{RBW}$

Span: $2 \times \text{OBW}$

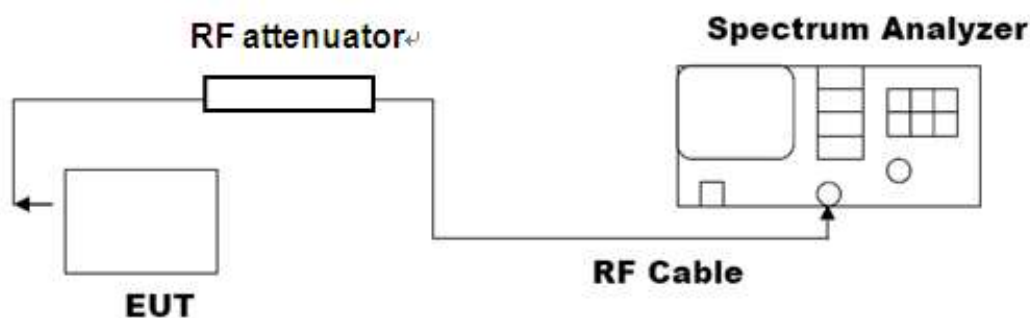
Detector: RMS

Trace mode: Max Hold

2) Wait until the trace is completed, find the peak value of the trace and place the analyser marker on this peak.

3) Use the 99 % bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser to measure the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the UUT. This value shall be recorded.

5.4.3 TEST CONFIGURATION



5.4.4 TEST RESULTS

TEST ITEM	99% BANDWIDTH
TEST MODE	802.11b with data rate 11

LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT			
Applicable Limits	Applicable Limits		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
2400MHz-2483.5MHz	Low Channel	12.871	PASS
	High Channel	11.643	PASS



TEST ITEM	99% BANDWIDTH
TEST MODE	802.11g with data rate 54

LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT			
Applicable Limits	Applicable Limits		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
2400MHz-2483.5MHz	Low Channel	16.405	PASS
	High Channel	16.035	PASS



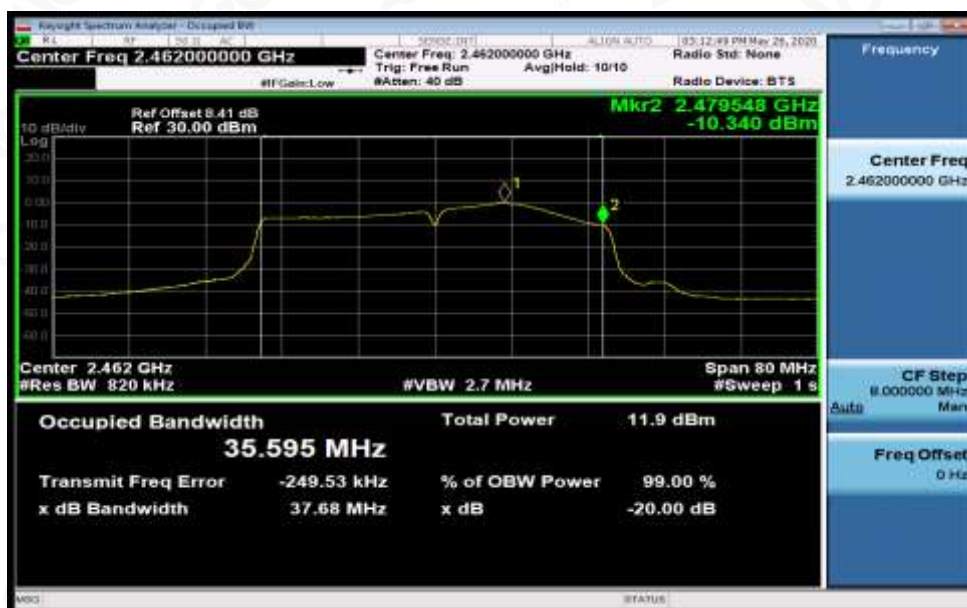
TEST ITEM	99% BANDWIDTH
TEST MODE	802.11n(20) with data rate 65

LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT			
Applicable Limits	Applicable Limits		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
2400MHz-2483.5MHz	Low Channel	17.578	PASS
	High Channel	17.199	PASS



TEST ITEM	99% BANDWIDTH
TEST MODE	802.11n(40) with data rate 135

LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT			
Applicable Limits	Applicable Limits		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
2400MHz-2483.5MHz	Low Channel	36.441	PASS
	High Channel	35.595	PASS



5.5. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE OUT-OF-BAND DOMAIN

5.5.1 LIMIT

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain but outside the allocated band, shall not exceed the values provided by the mask.

5.5.2 TEST PROCEDURE

1) The spectrum analyser shall be used the following settings:

Centre Frequency: 2484MHz

Resolution BW: 1MHz; Video BW: 3MHz; Span: 0Hz; Detector: RMS

Trace mode: Max Hold; Sweep Points: 5000

2) (segment 2 483.5 MHz to 2 483.5 MHz + BW)

Adjust the trigger level to select the transmissions with the highest power level.

Increase the centre frequency in steps of 1 MHz and repeat this measurement for every 1 MHz segment within the range 2 483.5 MHz to 2 483.5 MHz + BW.

3) Segment 2 483.5 MHz + BW to 2 483.5 MHz + 2BW

Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 484 MHz + BW and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 483.5 MHz + BW to 2 483.5 MHz + 2BW. Increase the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 483,5 MHz + 2 BW – 0.5 MHz.

4) Segment 2 400 MHz - BW to 2 400 MHz

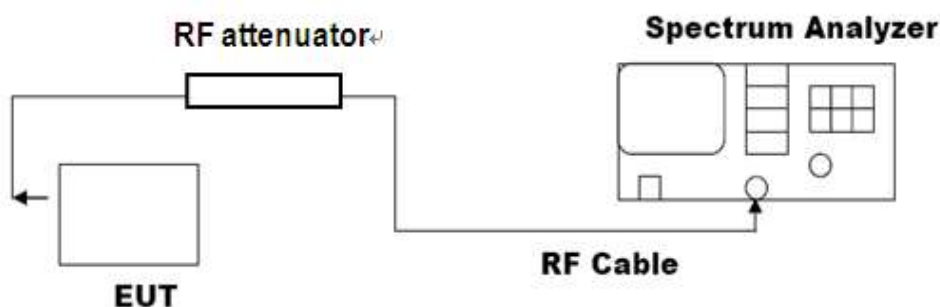
Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 399.5 MHz and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 400 MHz - BW to 2 400 MHz. Reduce the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 400 MHz - 2BW + 0.5 MHz.

5) Segment 2 400 MHz - 2BW to 2 400 MHz - BW

Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 399,5 MHz - BW and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 400 MHz - 2BW to 2 400 MHz - BW. Reduce the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 400 MHz - 2BW + 0.5 MHz.

6) The cable loss and attenuator factor shall be considered to the test result.

5.5.3 TEST CONFIGURATION



5.5.4 TEST RESULT

TEST CONDITIONS	IEEE 802.11b OUT-OF-BAND DOMAIN		
	Temp (25)°C	Temp (-10)°C	Temp (40)°C
Low channel	PASS	PASS	PASS
High channel	PASS	PASS	PASS

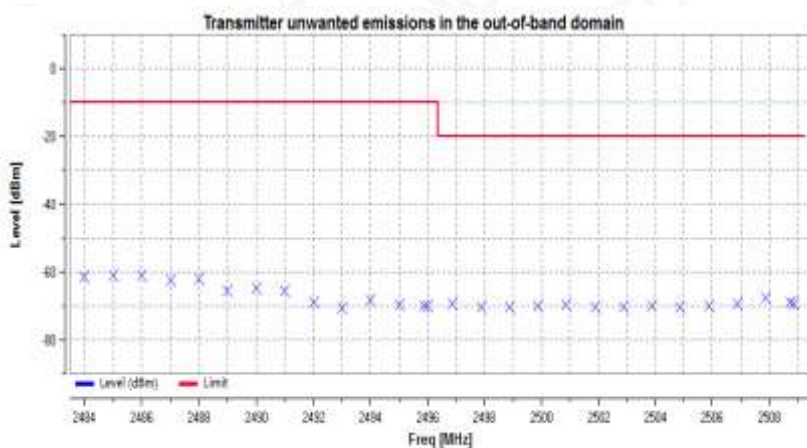
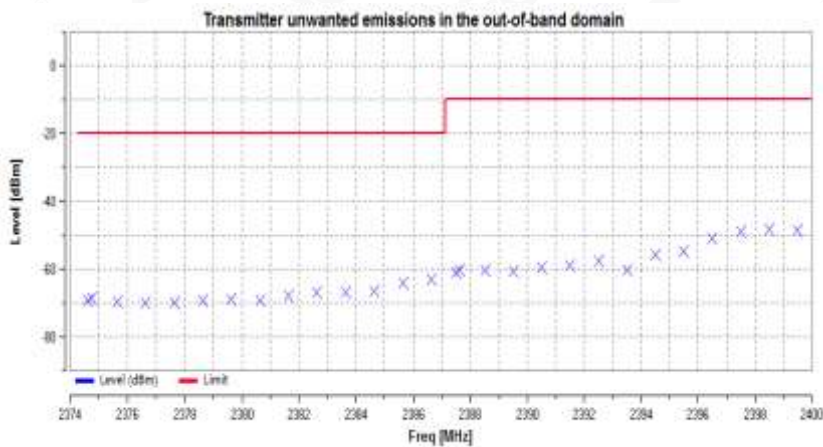
TEST CONDITIONS	IEEE 802.11g OUT-OF-BAND DOMAIN		
	Temp (25)°C	Temp (-10)°C	Temp (40)°C
Low channel	PASS	PASS	PASS
High channel	PASS	PASS	PASS

TEST CONDITIONS	IEEE 802.11n(20) OUT-OF-BAND DOMAIN		
	Temp (25)°C	Temp (-10)°C	Temp (40)°C
Low channel	PASS	PASS	PASS
High channel	PASS	PASS	PASS

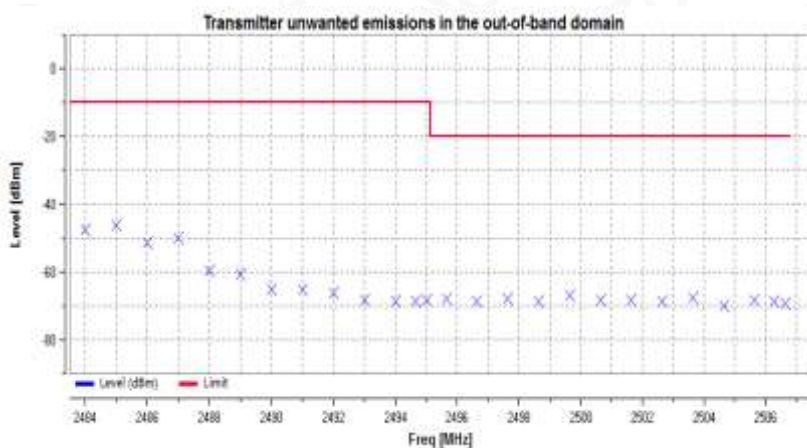
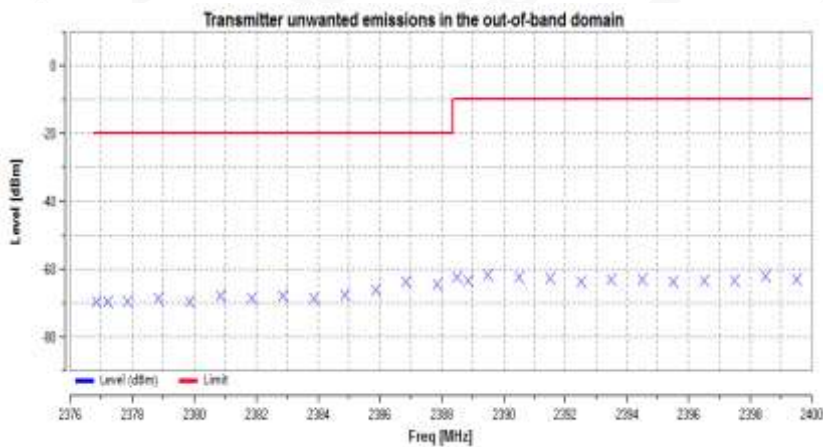
TEST CONDITIONS	IEEE 802.11n(40) OUT-OF-BAND DOMAIN		
	Temp (25)°C	Temp (-10)°C	Temp (40)°C
Low channel	PASS	PASS	PASS
High channel	PASS	PASS	PASS



CH Low-2412 (802.11b)



CH High-2472 (802.11b)



Note: All the modes had been tested, but only the worst data recorded in the report.

5.6. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN

5.6.1 LIMIT

Spurious emissions are emissions outside the frequency range(s) of the equipment as defined in Clause 4.3.2.9.

The spurious emissions of the transmitter shall not exceed the values in tables in the indicated bands:

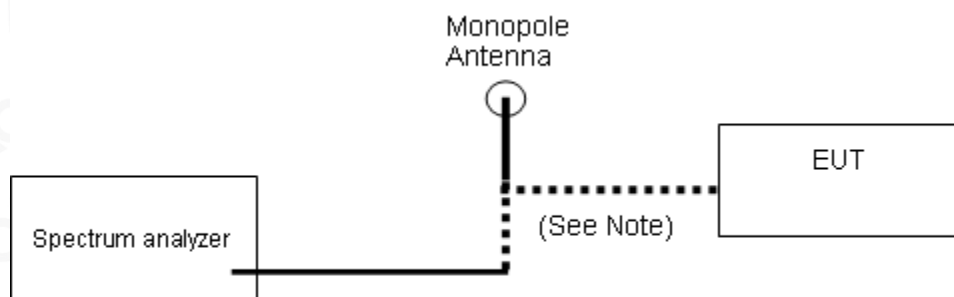
Frequency Range	Maximum Power e.r.p(<=1GHz)/e.i.r.p(>1GHz)	Bandwidth
30MHz to 47MHz	-36dBm	100kHz
47MHz to 74MHz	-54dBm	100kHz
74MHz to 87.5MHz	-36dBm	100kHz
87.5MHz to 118MHz	-54dBm	100kHz
118MHz to 174MHz	-36dBm	100kHz
174 MHz to 230MHz	-54dBm	100kHz
230 MHz to 470MHz	-36dBm	100kHz
470 MHz to 694MHz	-54dBm	100kHz
694 MHz to 1GHZ	-36dBm	100kHz
1 GHZ to 12.75GHZ	-30dBm	1MHz



5.6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) The emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified.
- 2) Spectrum analyzer settings:
Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz
Video bandwidth: 300 kHz
Detector mode: Peak
Sweep Points: $\geq 19\,400$
Trace Mode: Max Hold
- 3) Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using RMS detector and compared to the limits.
- 4) The emissions over the range 1 GHz to 12,75 GHz shall be identified.
- 5) Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz
Video bandwidth: 3 MHz
Detector mode: Peak
Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: $\geq 23\,500$
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using RMS detector and compared to the limits.
- 7) For radiated method, the applicable measurement procedures as described in the EN 300 328 V2.2.2 annex C.2 and C.4 are used.

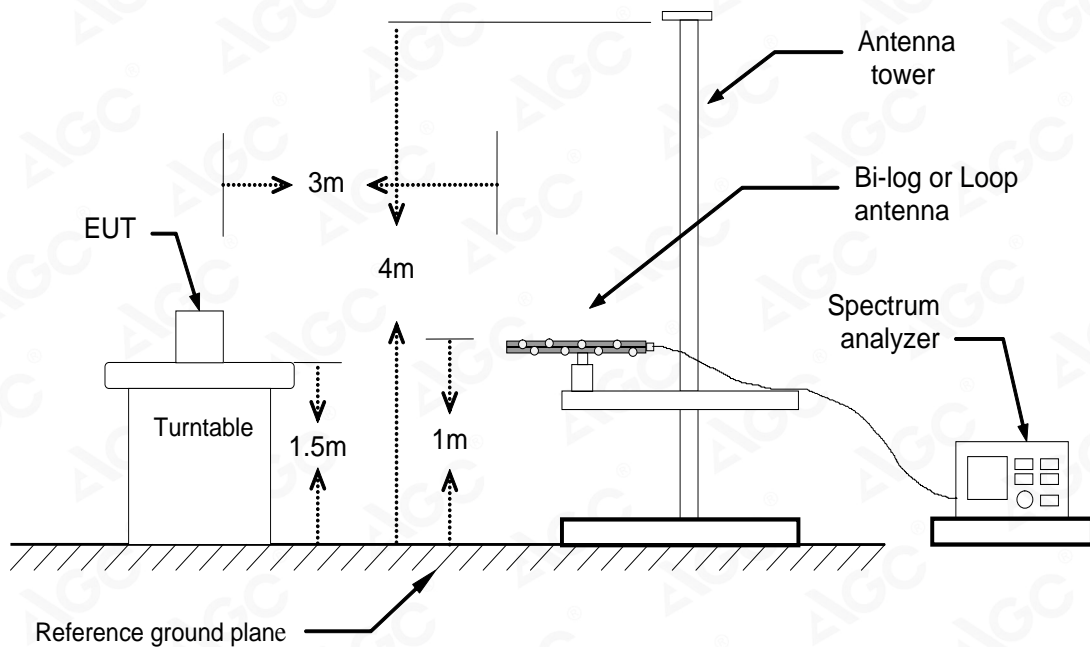
5.6.3 TEST CONFIGURATION



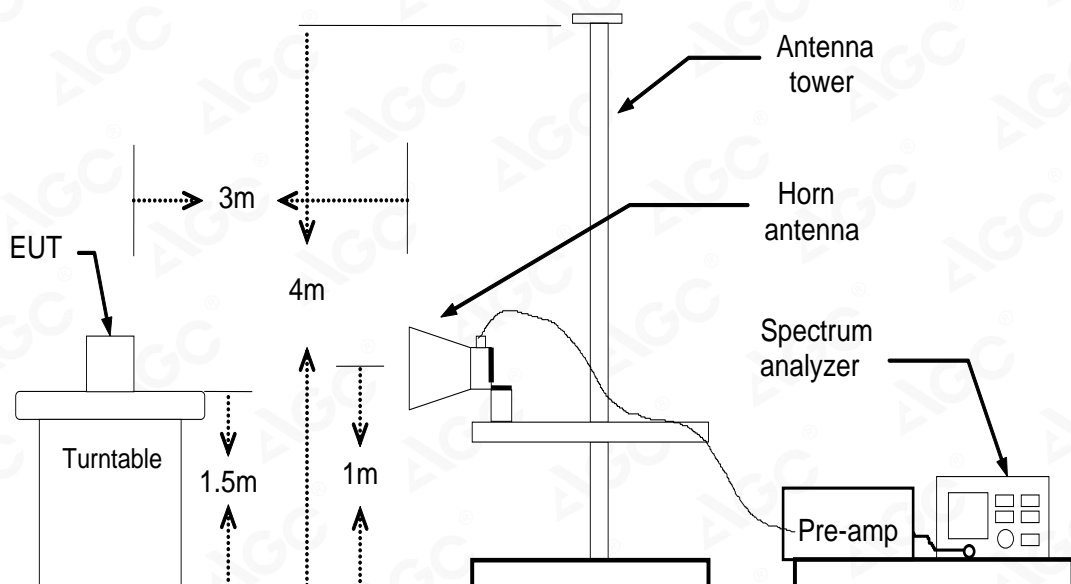
Conducted Method



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

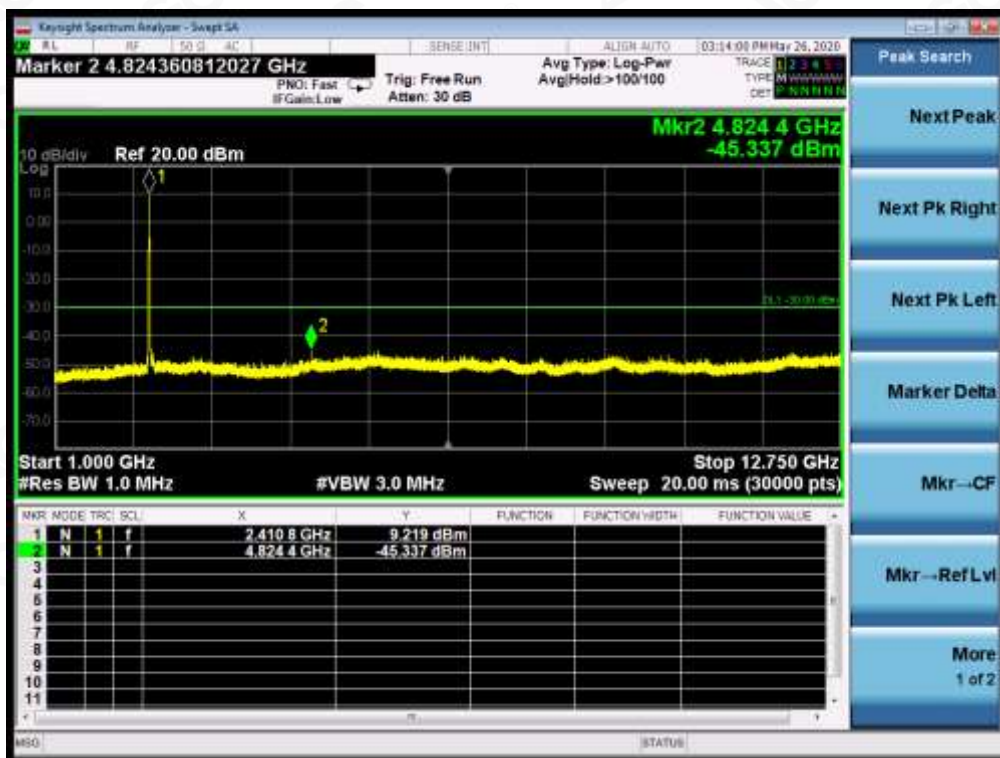
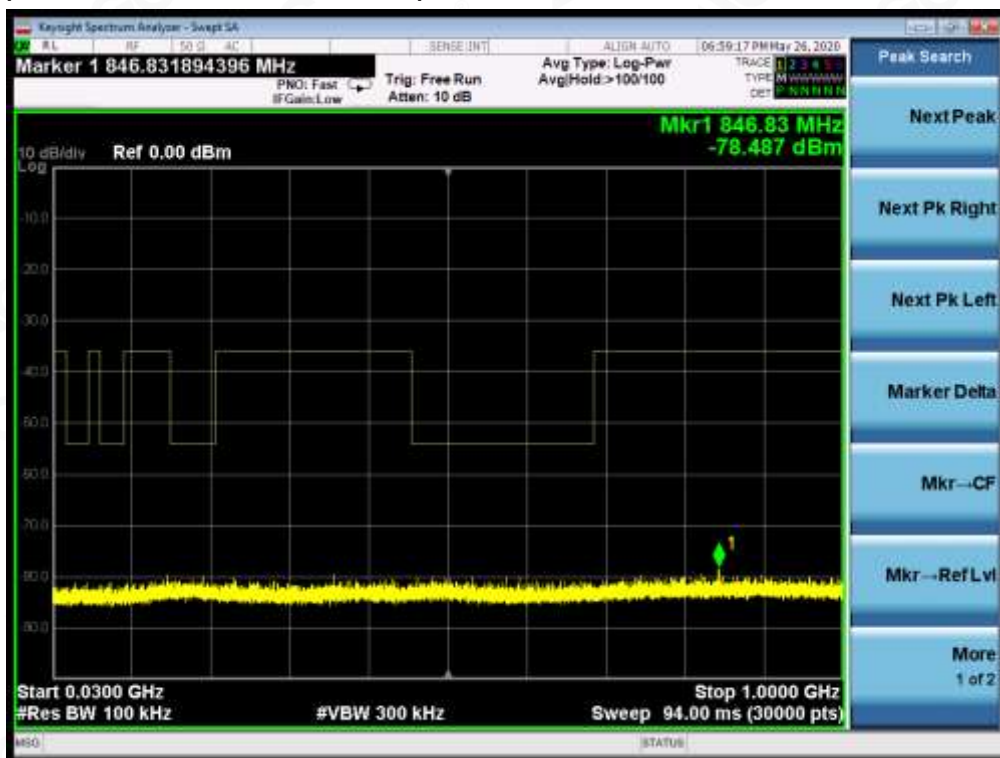


Radiated Method

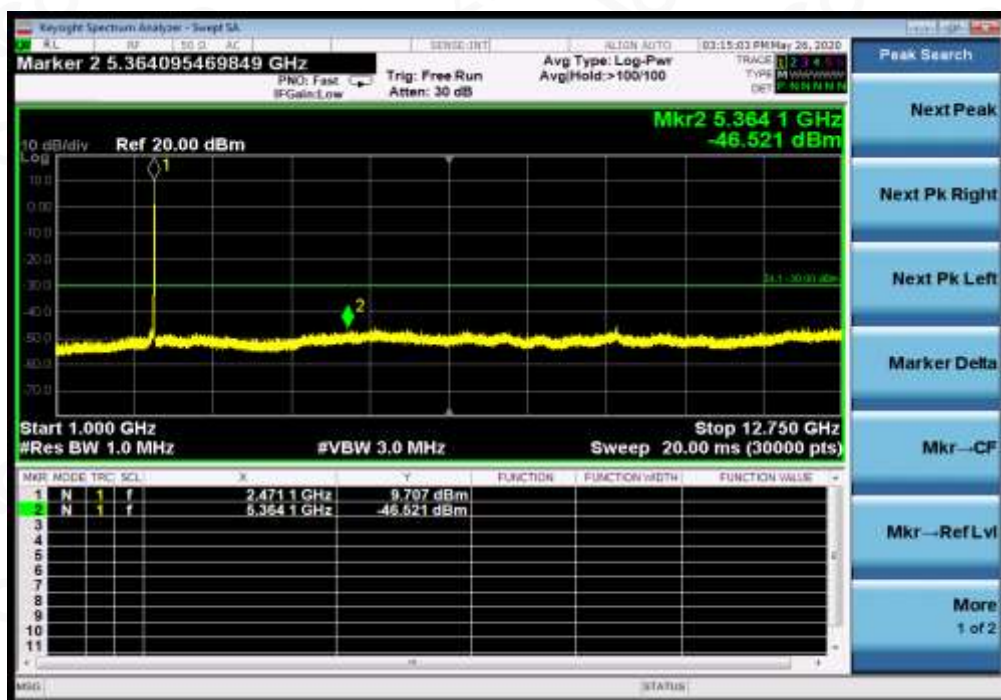


5.6.4 TEST RESULT

(Worst Case: Low channel, 11B)



(Worst Case: High channel, 11B)



Note: 1. All the modes had been test but only the worst data record in the report.
2. The 2.4G fundamental frequency is filtered out.
3. The effective radiated power has been considered in this test.

Conclusion: PASS



Radiated Method:
(Worst Case: Low channel, 11B)

Transmitter Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz-1GHz)

Frequency	Reading Level	Antenna	S.G.	Cable Loss	Ant.Gain	Emission Level	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Polarization	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
75.74	28.76	V	-62.44	0.03	-1.10	-63.57	-36.00	27.57
239.06	30.01	V	-69.04	0.12	6.60	-62.56	-36.00	26.56
381.06	27.81	V	-70.73	0.28	6.49	-64.52	-36.00	28.52
386.38	29.36	V	-69.95	0.29	6.44	-63.79	-36.00	27.79
426.72	27.17	V	-73.57	0.33	6.98	-66.92	-36.00	30.92
829.47	30.00	V	-69.55	0.66	6.35	-63.86	-36.00	27.86
Other(30-1000)	--	V	--	--	--	--	-36.00/-54.00	--
141.13	30.60	H	-61.69	0.05	0.06	-61.68	-36.00	25.68
339.25	32.32	H	-65.79	0.23	5.74	-60.28	-36.00	24.28
397.22	28.55	H	-71.35	0.30	6.54	-65.11	-36.00	29.11
459.54	28.87	H	-70.51	0.37	6.67	-64.22	-36.00	28.22
613.30	30.83	H	-67.54	0.50	6.62	-61.43	-54.00	7.43
764.59	30.89	H	-69.40	0.61	6.72	-63.29	-36.00	27.29
Other(30-1000)	--	H	--	--	--	--	-36.00/-54.00	--



Transmitter Spurious Emission above 1GHz (1GHz-12.75GHz)

Frequency	Reading Level	Antenna	S.G.	Cable Loss	Ant.Gain	Emission Level	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Polarization	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
4824	58.67	V	-41.15	2.64	9.30	-34.48	-30.00	4.48
7236	56.54	V	-45.27	3.14	11.28	-37.13	-30.00	7.13
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other(1000-12750)	--	V	--	--	--	--	-30.00	--
4824	59.42	H	-40.78	2.64	9.30	-34.11	-30.00	4.11
7236	56.13	H	-44.90	3.14	11.28	-36.76	-30.00	6.76
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other(1000-12750)	--	H	--	--	--	--	-30.00	--

Note: 1.The margins of the other spectrum are not exceeding the minimum value of margin, and this part of the results without recording in the test report.

2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "--" remark, if no specific emission from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.



(Worst Case: High channel, 11B)

Transmitter Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz-1GHz)

Frequency	Reading Level	Antenna	S.G.	Cable Loss	Ant.Gain	Emission Level	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Polarization	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
76.78	28.49	V	-63.56	0.04	-0.90	-64.50	-36.00	28.50
235.10	29.42	V	-70.05	0.11	6.60	-63.56	-36.00	27.56
382.53	27.53	V	-71.51	0.28	6.48	-65.32	-36.00	29.32
384.83	29.07	V	-69.72	0.28	6.46	-63.54	-36.00	27.54
426.08	26.78	V	-73.82	0.33	6.98	-67.17	-36.00	31.17
829.52	30.28	V	-69.10	0.66	6.35	-63.41	-36.00	27.41
Other(30-1000)	--	V	--	--	--	--	-36.00/-54.00	--
139.18	31.15	H	-62.92	0.05	0.00	-62.97	-36.00	26.97
339.08	32.32	H	-67.13	0.23	5.74	-61.62	-36.00	25.62
396.36	28.77	H	-71.30	0.30	6.52	-65.08	-36.00	29.08
459.85	28.11	H	-71.70	0.37	6.67	-65.40	-36.00	29.40
613.19	32.17	H	-66.86	0.50	6.62	-60.74	-54.00	6.74
765.12	31.07	H	-69.11	0.61	6.75	-62.97	-36.00	26.97
Other(30-1000)	--	H	--	--	--	--	-36.00/-54.00	--



Transmitter Spurious Emission above 1GHz (1GHz-12.75GHz)

Frequency	Reading Level	Antenna	S.G.	Cable Loss	Ant.Gain	Emission Level	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Polarization	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
4944	58.74	V	-41.77	2.74	9.58	-34.92	-30.00	4.92
7416	53.25	V	-48.65	3.09	11.57	-40.17	-30.00	10.17
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other(1000-12750)	--	V	--	--	--	--	-30.00	--
4944	57.68	H	-42.97	2.74	9.58	-36.12	-30.00	6.12
7416	52.16	H	-50.07	3.09	11.57	-41.59	-30.00	11.59
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other(1000-12750)	--	H	--	--	--	--	-30.00	--

Note: 1. The margins of the other spectrum are not exceeding the minimum value of margin, and this part of the results without recording in the test report.

2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "--" remark, if no specific emission from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

Conclusion: PASS



5.7. RECEIVER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN

5.7.1 LIMIT

ETSI EN300328 SUBCLAUSE 4.3.2.10

Receiver spurious emissions are emissions at any frequency when the equipment is in receive mode.

The spurious emissions of the receiver shall not exceed the values given in table.

Frequency Range	Maximum Power e.r.p(<=1GHz)/e.i.r.p(>1GHz)	Measurement Bandwidth
30MHz to 1000MHz	-57dBm	100kHz
1GHz to 12.75GHz	-47dBm	1MHz

5.7.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) The emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified.
- 2) Spectrum analyzer settings:
Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz
Video bandwidth: 300 kHz
Detector mode: Peak
Sweep Points: $\geq 19\,400$
Trace Mode: Max Hold
- 3) Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using RMS detector and compared to the limits given in 5.7.1.
- 4) The emissions over the range 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz shall be identified.
- 5) Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz
Video bandwidth: 3 MHz
Detector mode: Peak
Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: $\geq 23\,200$
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using RMS detector and compared to the limits given in 5.7.1.
- 7) For radiated method, the applicable measurement procedures as described in the EN 300 328 V2.2.2 annex C.2 and C.4 are used.

5.7.3 TEST CONFIGURATION

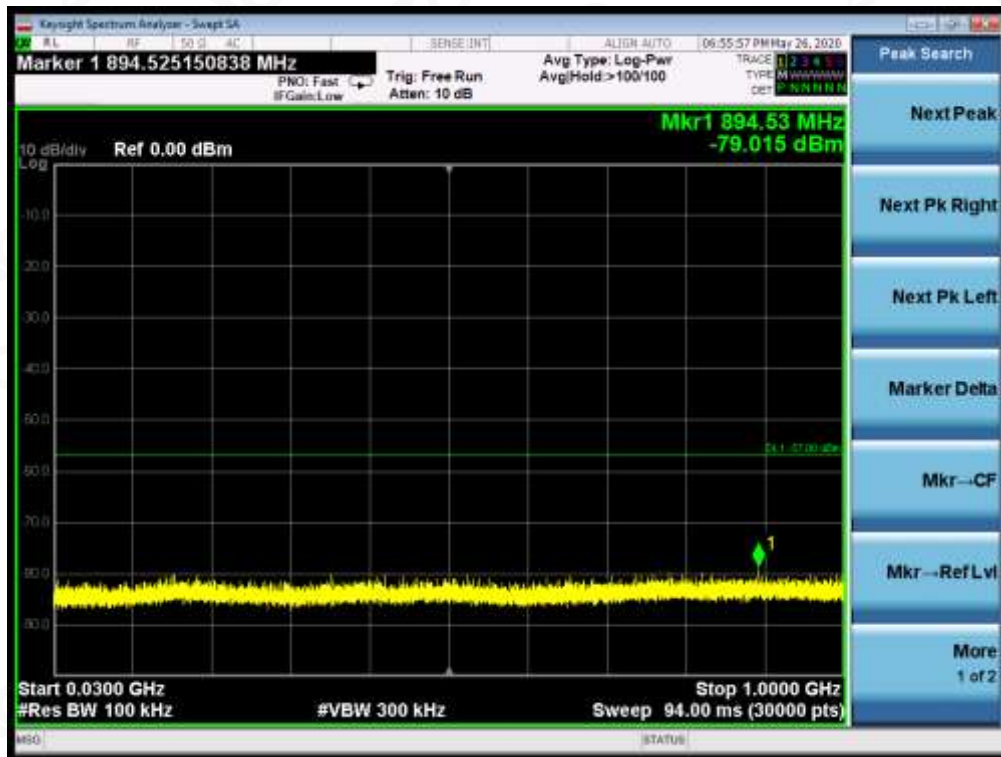
Refer to 5.6.3



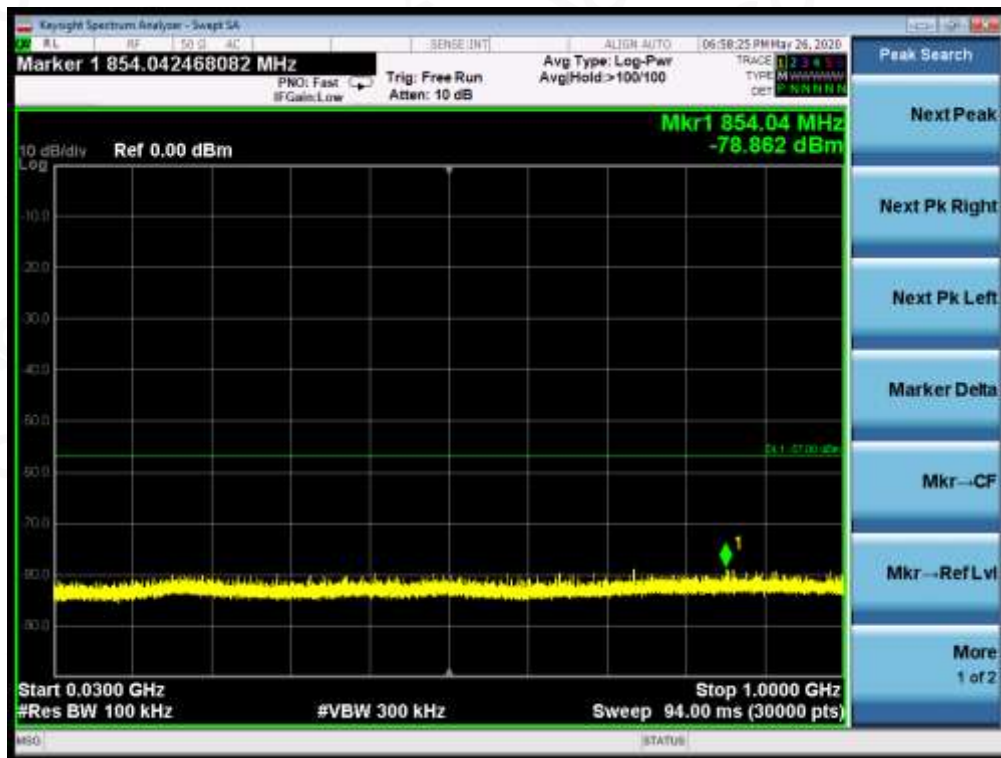
5.7.4 TEST RESULT

TEST RESULT

(Worst Case: Low channel, 11B)



(Worst Case: High channel, 11B)



Note: 1. All the modes had been test but only the worst data record in the report.



Radiated Method:
(Worst Case: Low channel, 11B)

Receiver Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz-1GHz)

Frequency	Reading Level	Antenna	S.G.	Cable Loss	Ant.Gain	Emission Level	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Polarization	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
76.66	27.81	V	-63.65	0.04	-0.90	-64.59	-36.00	28.59
234.65	29.24	V	-71.42	0.11	6.60	-64.93	-36.00	28.93
381.30	29.33	V	-70.04	0.28	6.49	-63.83	-36.00	27.83
386.40	30.10	V	-69.62	0.29	6.44	-63.46	-36.00	27.46
425.69	28.38	V	-70.53	0.33	7.00	-63.86	-36.00	27.86
829.00	30.86	V	-68.60	0.66	6.35	-62.91	-36.00	26.91
Other(30-1000)	--	V	--	--	--	--	-57.00	--
137.34	30.43	H	-63.22	0.05	0.00	-63.27	-36.00	27.27
340.53	31.32	H	-68.33	0.23	5.70	-62.87	-36.00	26.87
395.07	29.07	H	-70.91	0.30	6.50	-64.71	-36.00	28.71
460.11	28.86	H	-71.02	0.37	6.70	-64.70	-36.00	28.70
616.36	30.81	H	-68.70	0.51	6.74	-62.47	-54.00	8.47
765.52	30.64	H	-68.82	0.61	6.75	-62.68	-36.00	26.68
Other(30-1000)	--	H	--	--	--	--	-57.00	--



Receiver Spurious Emission above 1GHz (1GHz-12.75GHz)

Frequency	Reading Level	Antenna	S.G.	Cable Loss	Ant.Gain	Emission Level	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Polarization	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
1830.04	31.46	V	-67.81	1.26	7.15	-61.91	-47.00	14.91
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other(1000-12750)	--	V	--	--	--	--	-47.00	--
1781.87	30.89	H	-68.90	1.23	6.93	-63.20	-47.00	16.20
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other(1000-12750)	--	H	--	--	--	--	-47.00	--

Note: 1.The margins of the other spectrum are not exceeding the minimum value of margin, and this part of the results without recording in the test report.

2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "--" remark, if no specific emission from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.



(Worst Case: High channel, 11B)

Receiver Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz-1GHz)

Frequency	Reading Level	Antenna	S.G.	Cable Loss	Ant.Gain	Emission Level	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Polarization	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
92.58	28.57	V	-65.77	0.04	1.56	-64.25	-57.00	7.25
238.00	30.62	V	-69.45	0.11	6.60	-62.96	-57.00	5.96
316.02	28.69	V	-70.80	0.21	6.22	-64.78	-57.00	7.78
384.57	28.79	V	-69.87	0.28	6.46	-63.69	-57.00	6.69
478.23	27.78	V	-71.39	0.39	6.88	-64.90	-57.00	7.90
831.90	30.71	V	-68.61	0.66	6.37	-62.90	-57.00	5.90
Other(30-1000)	--	V	--	--	--	--	-57.00	--
137.04	28.82	H	-64.52	0.05	0.00	-64.57	-57.00	7.57
333.54	29.26	H	-68.96	0.23	5.98	-63.21	-57.00	6.21
396.66	30.41	H	-69.14	0.30	6.52	-62.92	-57.00	5.92
569.13	29.04	H	-69.96	0.47	6.81	-63.62	-57.00	6.62
614.35	28.07	H	-71.64	0.50	6.66	-65.48	-57.00	8.48
818.48	29.51	H	-70.30	0.65	6.86	-64.09	-57.00	7.09
Other(30-1000)	--	H	--	--	--	--	-57.00	--



Receiver Spurious Emission above 1GHz (1GHz-12.75GHz)

Frequency	Reading Level	Antenna	S.G.	Cable Loss	Ant.Gain	Emission Level	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	Polarization	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
1836.59	32.24	V	-67.37	1.26	7.15	-61.48	-47.00	14.48
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	V	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other(1000-12750)	--	V	--	--	--	--	-47.00	--
1783.07	31.73	H	-67.51	1.23	6.93	-61.81	-47.00	14.81
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	H	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other(1000-12750)	--	H	--	--	--	--	-47.00	--

Note: 1.The margins of the other spectrum are not exceeding the minimum value of margin, and this part of the results without recording in the test report.

2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "--" remark, if no specific emission from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

Conclusion: PASS



5.8. RECEIVER BLOCKING

5.8.1 LIMIT

☒ Receiver Blocking parameters for Receiver Category 1 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 4)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 4)	Type of blocking signal
(-133 dBm + 10 × log ₁₀ (OCBW)) or -68 dBm whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380	-34	CW
	2 504		
(-139 dBm + 10 × log ₁₀ (OCBW)) or -74 dBm whichever is less (see note 3)	2 300		
	2 330		
	2 360		
	2 524		
	2 584		
	2 674		

NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz.

NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{min} + 26$ dB where P_{min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 3: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{min} + 20$ dB where P_{min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 4: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.



☐ Receiver Blocking parameters for Receiver Category 2 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 3)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 3)	Type of blocking signal
(-139 dBm + 10 × log ₁₀ (OCBW) + 10 dB) or (-74 dBm + 10 dB) whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380 2 504 2 300 2 584	-34	CW

NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz.

NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{min} + 26$ dB where P_{min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 3: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.

☐ Receiver Blocking parameters for Receiver Category 3 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 3)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 3)	Type of blocking signal
(-139 dBm + 10 × log ₁₀ (OCBW) + 20 dB) or (-74 dBm + 20 dB) whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380 2 504 2 300 2 584	-34	CW

NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz.

NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{min} + 30$ dB where P_{min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 3: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.



5.8.2 TEST PROCEDURE

For non-FHSS equipment, having more than one operating channel, the operating channels on which the testing has to be performed shall be selected as follows:

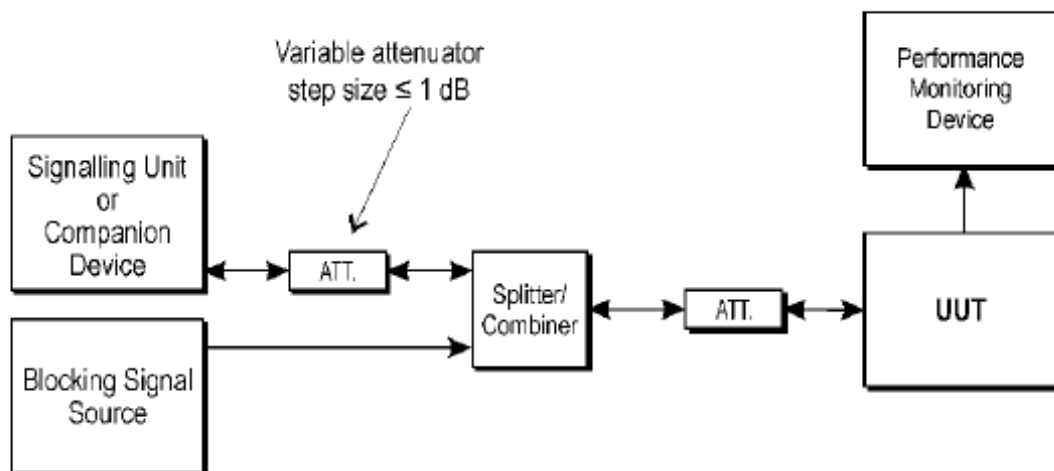
- For testing blocking frequencies less than 2 400 MHz, the equipment shall operate on the lowest operating channel.
- For testing blocking frequencies greater than 2 500 MHz, the equipment shall operate on the highest operating channel.

The simplified conducted measure procedures are as follows:

- 1) For non-FHSS equipment, the UUT shall be set to the lowest operating channel on which the blocking test has to be performed.
- 2) The blocking signal generator is set to the first frequency as defined in the appropriate table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.
- 3) With the blocking signal generator switched off, a communication link is established between the UUT and the associated companion device using the test setup. The level of the wanted signal shall be set to the value provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment. This level may be measured directly at the output of the companion device and a correction is made for the coupling loss into the UUT. The actual level for the wanted signal shall be recorded in the test report.
- 4) The blocking signal at the UUT is set to the level provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment. It shall be verified and recorded in the test report that the performance criteria is met.
- 5) Repeat step 4 for each remaining combination of frequency and level for the blocking signal as provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.
- 6) Repeat step 2 to step 5 with the UUT operating at the highest operating channel.



5.8.3 TEST CONFIGURATION



Test Set-up for receiver blocking

5.8.4 TEST RESULT

(802.11 b mode 1Mbps)

Test channel	Blocking Signal Frequency(MHz)	Blocking Signal Power(dBm)	Wanted signal mean power from companion device(dBm)	Performance PER	Limit PER	Result
Low	2 300	-34.00	-74.00	1.55%	10%	Pass
	2 330		-74.00	0.74%		
	2 360		-74.00	1.00%		
	2 380		-68.00	0.12%		
High	2 504		-68.00	0.15%		
	2 524		-74.00	1.52%		
	2 584		-74.00	1.11%		
	2 674		-74.00	0.74%		

Note:

1. If the equipment can be configured to operate with different Nominal Channel Bandwidths (e.g. 20 MHz and 40 MHz) and different data rates, then the combination of the smallest channel bandwidth and the lowest data rate for this channel bandwidth which still allows the equipment to operate as intended shall be used.
2. The levels of the blocking signal and wanted signal have to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain.



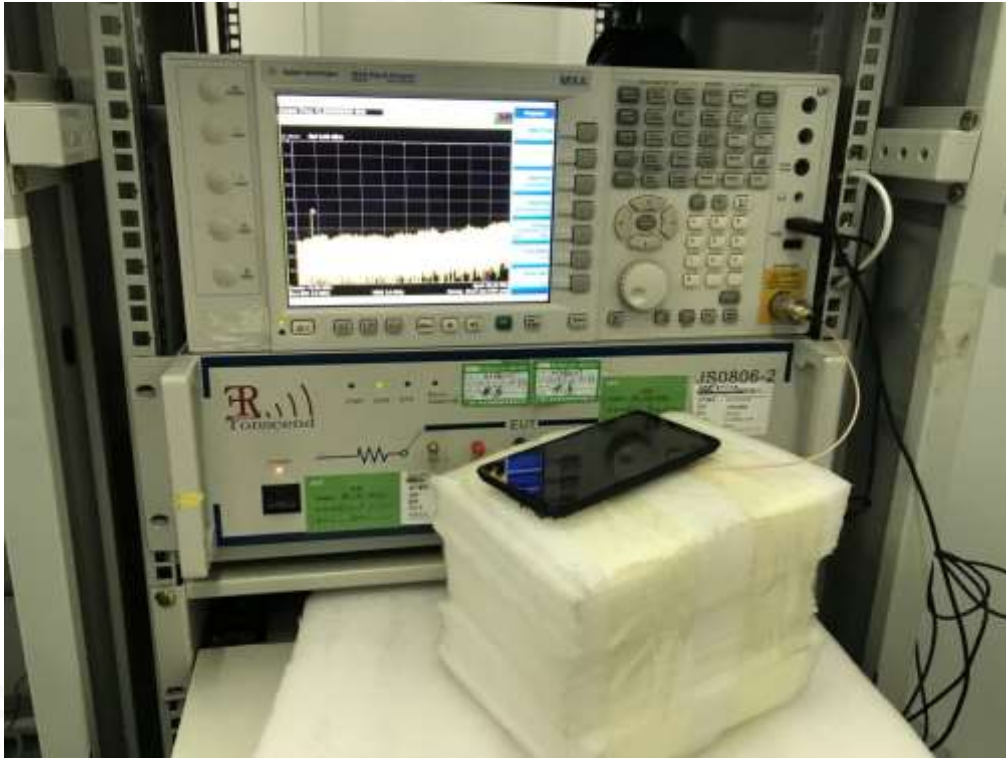
APPENDIX A: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP
RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION



RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION ABOVE 1G TEST SETUP



CONDUCTED TEST SETUP



----END OF REPORT----